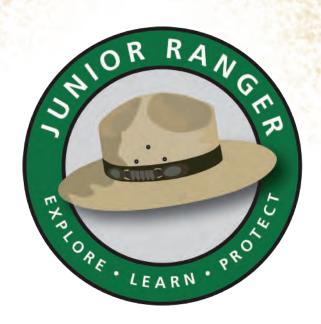
# Junior Ranger Sounds Explorer

National Park Service U.S. Department of the Interior





### Become a Sounds Explorer



As a Sounds Explorer, you will...



sounds you hear in parks;



the science of sound, and why sound is important to parks; and



sounds you hear in parks and at home.



### National Park Service Natural Sounds and Night Skies Divisions

- Listens to and records sounds in parks.
- Helps reduce noise in national parks.
- Studies the sounds of wildlife.
- Shares tips on how to enjoy sounds in nature.

#### Let's Get Started

Do as much as you can as best as you can.
Ask a ranger or an adult if you have questions.

Each activity is rated by difficulty.



Ages 5 and up



Ages 8 and up



Ages 10 and up

Look for the arrowheads throughout the book. Choose the activities that are right for you!

# Your Guides Lucy the Listening Owl





Hello, Sounds Explorer!
Follow me, Lucy the Listening Owl, and explore the exciting world of sound. Remember: keep your ears open, you don't want to miss anything.

Listen for a few seconds. Draw a picture of your favorite sound.

How did this sound make you feel? \_\_\_\_\_

What did you think when you heard this sound?\_\_\_\_\_

# Sound Maker Matching







Sound maker: Anything that produces a sound.











Talking

Drip



Ribbit

Howl



Crackle

**Tweet** 

Whoosh

Ring

Buzz

**Rattle** 



Vroom











Find a place outside where you will not be distracted by activity or other people. Draw or write about your spot. Sit quietly. In the box below, "X" marks where you are sitting. When you hear a sound, mark its location compared to where you are sitting. Use words or draw a picture to show what made the sound! Χ If you can, return to the same spot at night. What different sounds did you hear?



# Moving Sound



Help the coyote find her way to her pack. Watch out for dead ends. Mountains, rain, thunder, thick forests, cars, and airplane noise will stop her from hearing the sounds of her pack. If you run into one of these, you will have to try another way.



### Mad Sound-fist

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Let's explore how sound travels through solids, iquids, and gases.



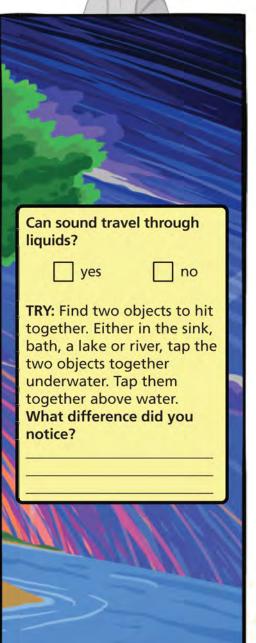
### Can sound travel through solids?

yes

no

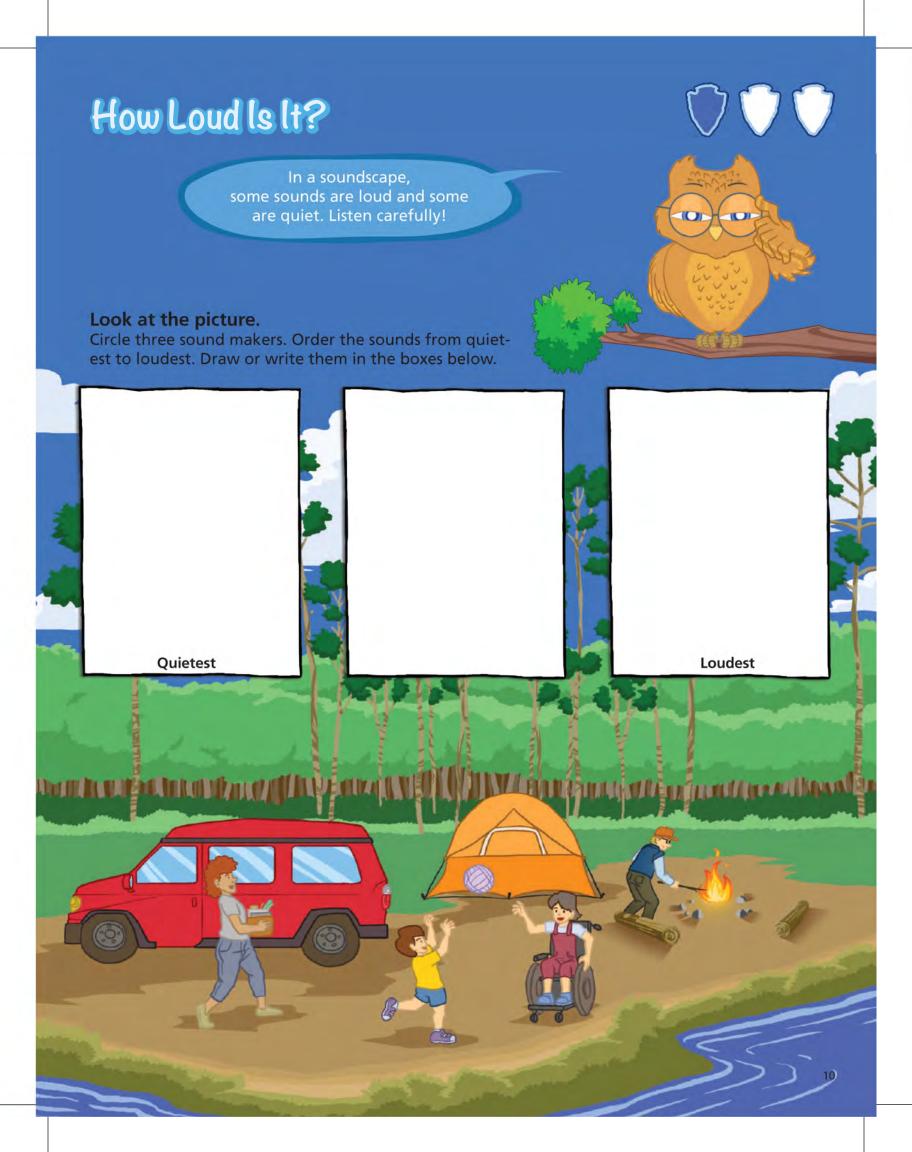
TRY: Find something solid around you like a tree, rock, table, or door. Put your ear against it and tap the solid object. Now tap the object with your ear away from the object. What difference did you hear?







Yes, but we can't hear it! Sound travels through air by making air molecules vibrate. In deep space there are very few molecules to vibrate. Scientists can use instruments to see the sound waves, but we can't hear them. So, for our ears, space is silent.



### Setence of Sound





Great work so far,
Sounds Explorer! Let's look closer
at sound waves. Sound has two parts,
volume and pitch.

**Volume -** The height of the sound wave tells you how loud the sound is. Volume is also known as amplitude.

Tall wave = loud

**Short wave** = quiet

**Pitch** – The number of waves in one second. Pitch is also known as frequency.

More waves = high pitch sound, like a squeak Fewer waves = low pitch sound, like a boom

#### Match the sound wave with the correct sound makers.

Ambulance siren Loud, high-pitched



Mouse squeak Quiet, high-pitched



**Cello** Quiet, low-pitched



Thunder Loud, low-pitched











### Sounds in the Soundscape





Animals and humans use sound for many reasons. Some animals use sound to communicate.

Some use it to find their way at night.

Others use it to find prey!

#### Match the sound makers on the left with the descriptions on the right.



I use sound to tell predators not to attack me. If you get too close, I rattle my tail and hiss to say, "Stay away!" I do not have ears. I use my jawbone to feel sound vibrations. That is how I hear what is around me.



I live in the desert. I spend most of my days underground! To communicate with my friends, I thump my big feet on the ground. This is called "foot drumming." Sometimes foot drumming will scare away predators!



I travel with my friends. I use whistles to communicate with my pod.
I also use high-pitched clicks that echo back to me. The echoes tell me what is around me and help me catch fish.



I can be very loud. American Indians use me in different events. I also help keep the beat in your favorite music.



I use my sense of hearing to locate prey above and below ground. I can hear a mouse squeaking 330 fear away. I use sound to communicate with my friends. I have 28 different barks, growls, whines, cackles, and howls.



330 feet <sub>12</sub>

### **Animal Ears**





Animal ears have evolved to hear sounds that are important. Most of the time, predators have ears that face forward. Prey have ears that can move around in different directions. Owls like me have excellent hearing for hunting at night.

Try the activities below. What do you notice when your ears are like different animal ears?



To hear like me, cup your hands behind your ears. Move around quietly to hear all the sounds around you.



To hear like me, roll up pieces of paper into a cone. Place the smaller end over your ears. Do not stick them in your ears!



To hear like me, cup one hand behind one ear to hear sounds in front of you, and one hand in front of the other ear to hear sounds behind you.



Make your own ears! Experiment with different shapes and sizes of paper, or by using your hands in different ways!

### Sound We Can't Hear

Did you know many animals make sounds we can't hear? Let's read about a few.



#### **Ultrasound:**

High-pitched sounds we can't hear.



Bats use echolocation to fly at night and find food. Their sound travels quickly until it hits an object. The sound then bounces back to the bat. It tells the bat what food is out there and where it is.

Dolphins use echolocation, too. High-pitched clicks help them find food.

Just like dolphins, submarines also use sound to find their way.

#### **Infrasound:**

Low-pitched sounds we can't hear.

Blue whales use infrasound to communicate over long distances, up to 1,000 miles!

San Andreas Fault

San Learth

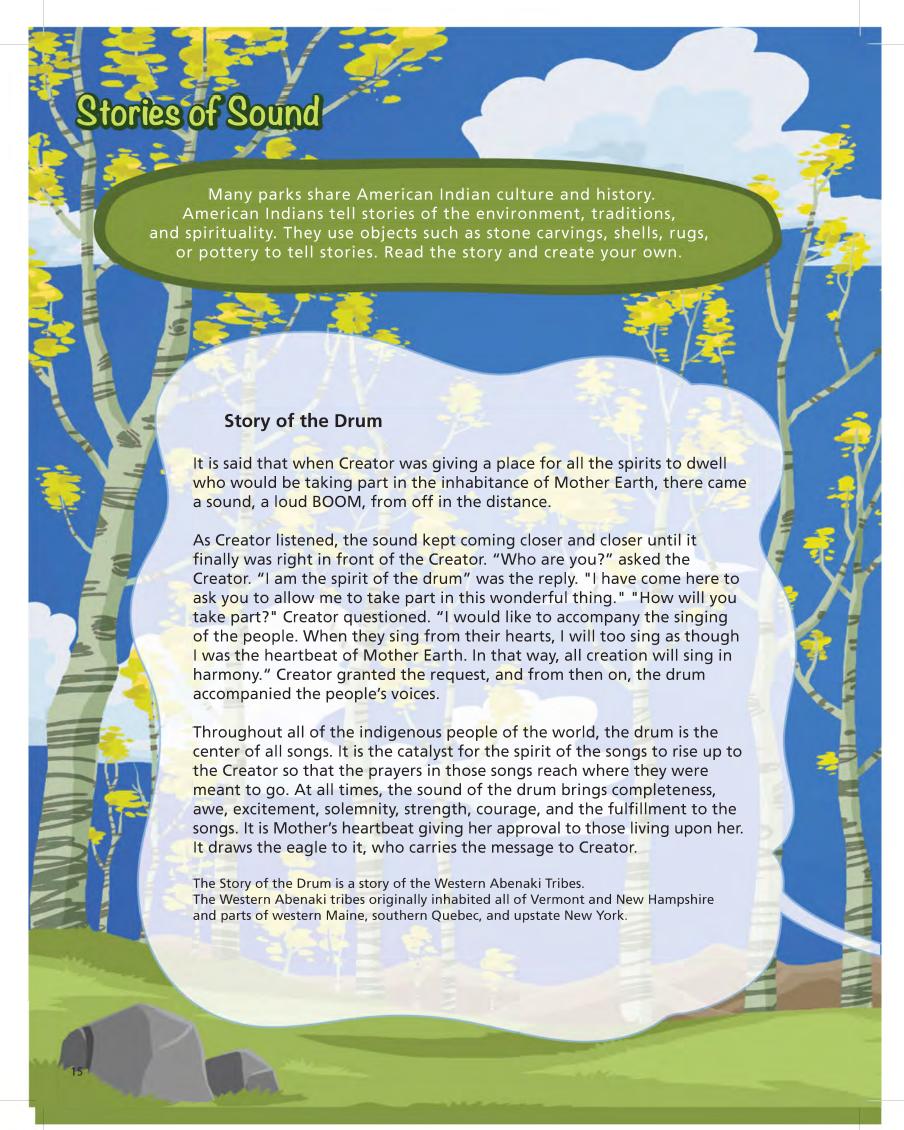
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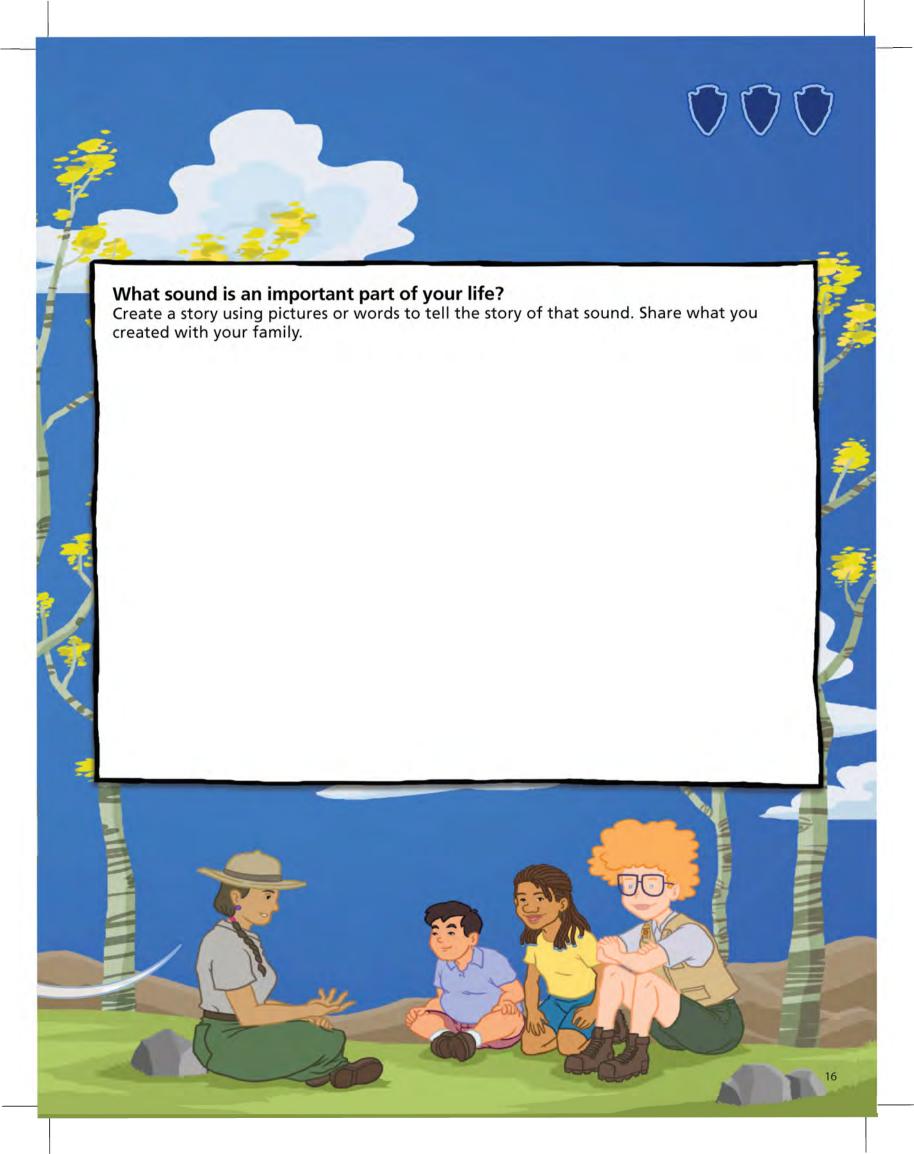
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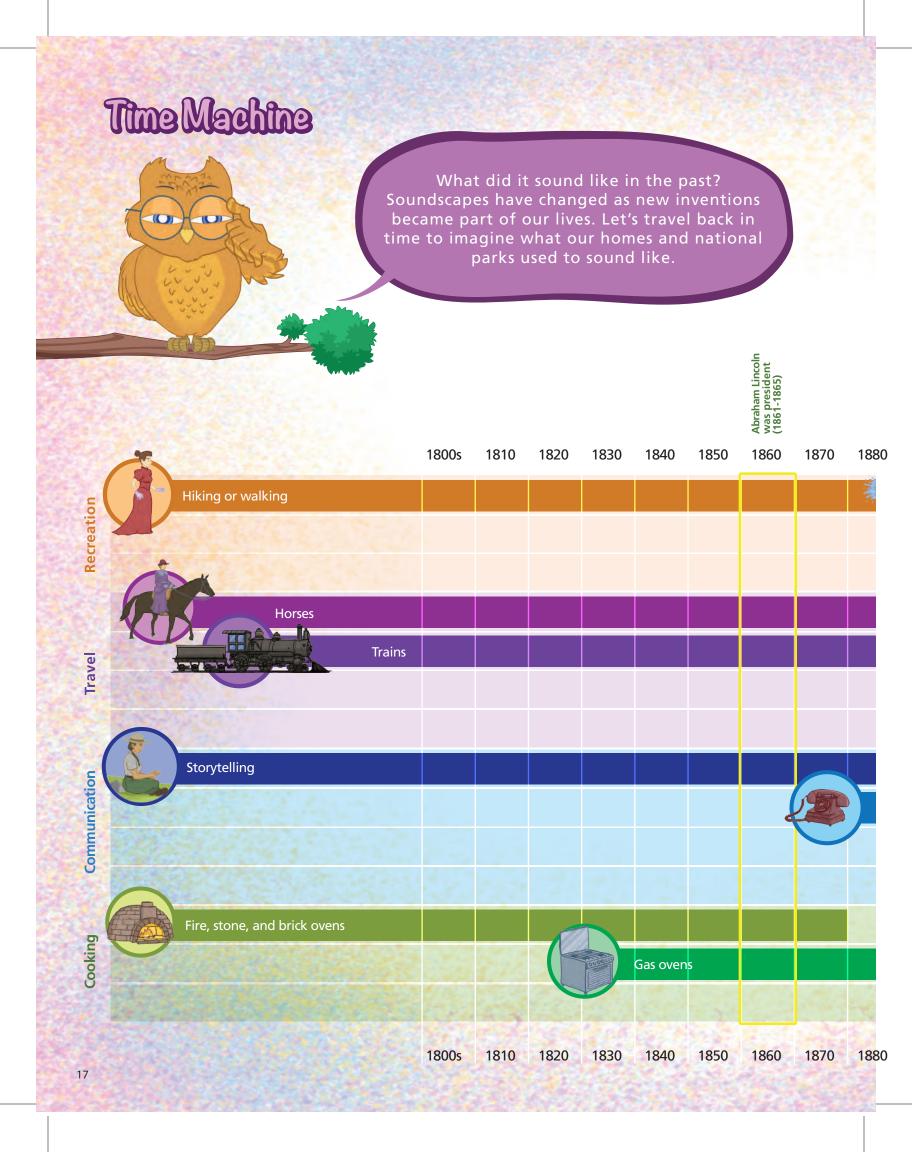
usual

bayon

Earthquakes are waves of motion in Earth's crust. They create low-pitched sounds we usually can't hear. Scientists have to use special equipment to hear an earthquake.









Write your age: \_ Ask your parent or an adult what year they were the same age as you. Circle the year on the timeline. What sounds did they hear as a kid? \_\_\_ Ask your parent or an adult what year their parents (your grandparents) were the same age as you. Circle the year on the timeline. What sounds did they hear as a kid? \_\_\_\_ What did Abraham Lincoln hear when he was president (1861-65)? Ask a ranger or look at a park's website to find out when the park was established. What sounds were in that place at that time? \_\_\_ Today Motorboats Ranger-led campfire programs Airplane Telephone Cell phones **Smartphones Today** 

### Amotypark





We have heard many great sounds.
We have also heard some sounds that do not belong in a park.
Read below to learn how too much noise is a problem for animals.



Noise makes it hard to communicate. Sometimes I change my song to adjust to the noise, but this song is not attractive to my mates.



Noise, like ship motors, interrupts my communication, making it hard to find mates and to hear predators.



Noise makes me stressed, so I change my call and sometimes my skin color. This makes it hard to attract females.



Noise interrupts my echolocation, making it hard to find food and my way at night.



Noise makes it hard for me to hear predators. I could be caught and eaten.

What are some things that make it hard to hear sounds in parks?

What are two things you can do to hear these sounds better in parks?

# Som om som geabs

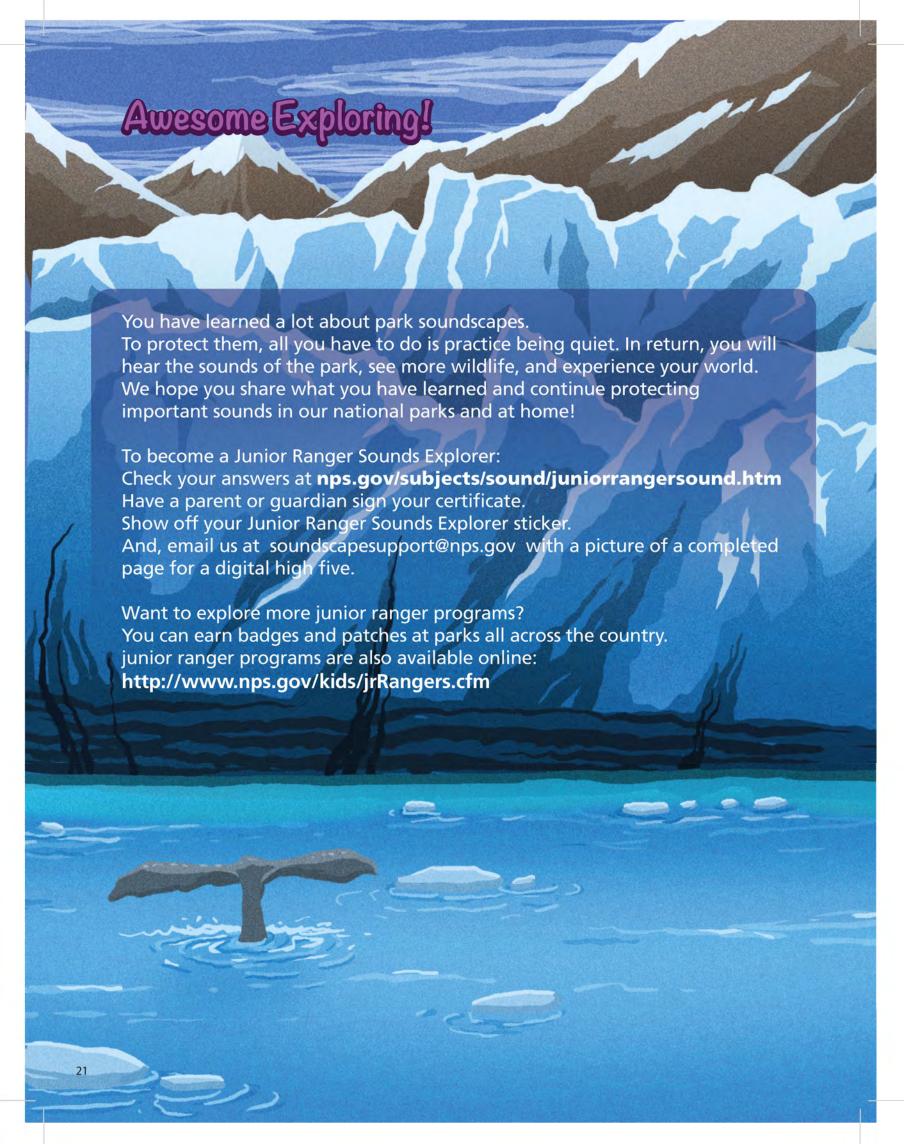




Wow! You have done
a great job exploring, learning,
and listening to sounds! Let's see all that
you learned by creating your
own soundscape.

#### Draw your perfect soundscape.

Do you want birds singing, a rushing river, or rustling leaves? Use sounds you have heard during your visit or when listening to nature near your home.



# Sounds Explorer Certificate of Achievement >







has successfully completed the requirements to be an official Sounds Explorer.

Signature

Date



#### National Park Service Natural Sounds and Night Skies <u>Division</u>





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