U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service Sacramento Fish & Wildlife Office

Federal Endangered and Threatened Species that Occur in or may be Affected by Projects in the Counties and/or U.S.G.S. 7 1/2 Minute Quads you requested

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Quad Lists

Listed Species

Inverte	brates
На	liotes cracherodii
	black abalone (E) (NMFS)
Ha	liotes sorenseni
	white abalone (E) (NMFS)
Ica	aricia icarioides missionensis
	mission blue butterfly (E)
Sp	eyeria zerene myrtleae
	Myrtle's silverspot butterfly (E)
Fish	
Eu	cyclogobius newberryi
	tidewater goby (É)
Hy	pomesus transpacificus
,	delta smelt (T)
Or	ncorhynchus kisutch
	coho salmon - central CA coast (E) (NMFS)
	Critical habitat, coho salmon - central CA coast (X) (NMFS)
Or	ncorhynchus mykiss
	Central California Coastal steelhead (T) (NMFS)
	Central Valley steelhead (T) (NMFS)
	Critical habitat, Central California coastal steelhead (X) (NMFS)
On	ncorhynchus tshawytscha
	California coastal chinook salmon (T) (NMFS)
	Central Valley spring-run chinook salmon (T) (NMFS)
	winter-run chinook salmon, Sacramento River (E) (NMFS)
Amphib	
Ra	na draytonii
	California red-legged frog (T)
Birds	
Bra	achyramphus marmoratus
	Critical habitat, marbled murrelet (X)
	marbled murrelet (T)
Ch	paradrius alexandrinus nivosus
	western snowy plover (T)
Die	omedea albatrus
_	short-tailed albatross (E)
Pe	lecanus occidentalis californicus
_	California brown pelican (E)
Ra	Illus Ionairostris obsoletus

California clapper rail (E)

Sternula antillarum (=Sterna, =albifrons) browni California least tern (E) Strix occidentalis caurina northern spotted owl (T) Mammals Arctocephalus townsendi Guadalupe fur seal (T) (NMFS) Balaenoptera borealis sei whale (E) (NMFS)

Balaenoptera musculus blue whale (E) (NMFS)

Balaenoptera physalus finback (=fin) whale (E) (NMFS)

Eubalaena (=Balaena) glacialis right whale (E) (NMFS)

Physeter catodon (=macrocephalus) sperm whale (E) (NMFS)

Reithrodontomys raviventris

salt marsh harvest mouse (E)

Plants

Hesperolinon congestum Marin dwarf-flax (=western flax) (T) Holocarpha macradenia

Santa Cruz tarplant (T)

Pentachaeta bellidiflora white-rayed pentachaeta (E)

Trifolium amoenum

showy Indian clover (E)

Quads Containing Listed, Proposed or Candidate Species:

SAN RAFAEL (467A)

County Lists

No county species lists requested.

Key:

- (E) Endangered Listed as being in danger of extinction.
- (T) *Threatened* Listed as likely to become endangered within the foreseeable future.
- (P) *Proposed* Officially proposed in the Federal Register for listing as endangered or threatened.

(NMFS) Species under the Jurisdiction of the <u>National Oceanic & Atmospheric Administration Fisheries Service</u>. Consult with them directly about these species.

Critical Habitat - Area essential to the conservation of a species.

(PX) Proposed Critical Habitat - The species is already listed. Critical habitat is being proposed for it.

(C) Candidate - Candidate to become a proposed species.

(V) Vacated by a court order. Not currently in effect. Being reviewed by the Service.

(X) Critical Habitat designated for this species

Important Information About Your Species List

How We Make Species Lists

We store information about endangered and threatened species lists by U.S. Geological Survey 7½ minute quads. The United States is divided into these quads, which are about the size of San Francisco.

The animals on your species list are ones that occur within, or may be affected by projects

within, the quads covered by the list.

- Fish and other aquatic species appear on your list if they are in the same watershed as your quad or if water use in your quad might affect them.
- Amphibians will be on the list for a quad or county if pesticides applied in that area may be carried to their habitat by air currents.
- Birds are shown regardless of whether they are resident or migratory. Relevant birds on the county list should be considered regardless of whether they appear on a quad list.

Plants

Any plants on your list are ones that have actually been observed in the area covered by the list. Plants may exist in an area without ever having been detected there. You can find out what's in the surrounding quads through the California Native Plant Society's online <u>Inventory of Rare and Endangered Plants</u>.

Surveying

Some of the species on your list may not be affected by your project. A trained biologist and/or botanist, familiar with the habitat requirements of the species on your list, should determine whether they or habitats suitable for them may be affected by your project. We recommend that your surveys include any proposed and candidate species on your list. See our <u>Protocol</u> and <u>Recovery Permits</u> pages.

For plant surveys, we recommend using the <u>Guidelines for Conducting and Reporting</u> <u>Botanical Inventories</u>. The results of your surveys should be published in any environmental documents prepared for your project.

Your Responsibilities Under the Endangered Species Act

All animals identified as listed above are fully protected under the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended. Section 9 of the Act and its implementing regulations prohibit the take of a federally listed wildlife species. Take is defined by the Act as "to harass, harm, pursue, hunt, shoot, wound, kill, trap, capture, or collect" any such animal.

Take may include significant habitat modification or degradation where it actually kills or injures wildlife by significantly impairing essential behavioral patterns, including breeding, feeding, or shelter (50 CFR §17.3).

Take incidental to an otherwise lawful activity may be authorized by one of two procedures:

• If a Federal agency is involved with the permitting, funding, or carrying out of a project that may result in take, then that agency must engage in a formal <u>consultation</u> with the Service.

During formal consultation, the Federal agency, the applicant and the Service work together to avoid or minimize the impact on listed species and their habitat. Such consultation would result in a biological opinion by the Service addressing the anticipated effect of the project on listed and proposed species. The opinion may authorize a limited level of incidental take.

• If no Federal agency is involved with the project, and federally listed species may be taken as part of the project, then you, the applicant, should apply for an incidental take permit. The Service may issue such a permit if you submit a satisfactory conservation plan for the species that would be affected by your project.

Should your survey determine that federally listed or proposed species occur in the area and are likely to be affected by the project, we recommend that you work with this office and the California Department of Fish and Game to develop a plan that minimizes the project's direct and indirect impacts to listed species and compensates for project-related loss of habitat. You should include the plan in any environmental documents you file.

Critical Habitat

When a species is listed as endangered or threatened, areas of habitat considered essential

to its conservation may be designated as critical habitat. These areas may require special management considerations or protection. They provide needed space for growth and normal behavior; food, water, air, light, other nutritional or physiological requirements; cover or shelter; and sites for breeding, reproduction, rearing of offspring, germination or seed dispersal.

Although critical habitat may be designated on private or State lands, activities on these lands are not restricted unless there is Federal involvement in the activities or direct harm to listed wildlife.

If any species has proposed or designated critical habitat within a quad, there will be a separate line for this on the species list. Boundary descriptions of the critical habitat may be found in the Federal Register. The information is also reprinted in the Code of Federal Regulations (50 CFR 17.95). See our <u>Map Room</u> page.

Candidate Species

We recommend that you address impacts to candidate species. We put plants and animals on our candidate list when we have enough scientific information to eventually propose them for listing as threatened or endangered. By considering these species early in your planning process you may be able to avoid the problems that could develop if one of these candidates was listed before the end of your project.

Species of Concern

The Sacramento Fish & Wildlife Office no longer maintains a list of species of concern. However, various other agencies and organizations maintain lists of at-risk species. These lists provide essential information for land management planning and conservation efforts. <u>More info</u>

Wetlands

If your project will impact wetlands, riparian habitat, or other jurisdictional waters as defined by section 404 of the Clean Water Act and/or section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act, you will need to obtain a permit from the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. Impacts to wetland habitats require site specific mitigation and monitoring. For questions regarding wetlands, please contact Mark Littlefield of this office at (916) 414-6520.

Updates

Our database is constantly updated as species are proposed, listed and delisted. If you address proposed and candidate species in your planning, this should not be a problem. However, we recommend that you get an updated list every 90 days. That would be April 09, 2013.