## ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Because this report is the product of several kinds of cultural resource investigations spanning many years, it represents the cumulative efforts of many individuals and organizations. There is not enough room to mention them all.

The Skagit Environmental Endowment Commission and the National Park Service supported this work through funding and encouragement of the importance of understanding the long history of human involvement in the high elevation landscapes of the northern Cascades.

Traditional knowledge from the indigenous first people has been shared through numerous conversations, some during our Ross Lake tours, and through ethnohistoric records and documents that record indigenous experiences. Particular thanks to Upper Skagit, Stó:lō, Sauk-Suiattle, and Nlakápamux people for sharing their knowledge of traditional mountain ways. This form of knowledge, from those whose ancestors held tenure to the land for millennia, is a reality apart from all others.

At one time or another, members of all staff divisions of North Cascades National Park Service Complex participated in this project, as did cultural resources staff from the Seattle Office of the National Park Service. Margie Allen and Pat Young extended continuous administrative support to the project; Ron Holmes offered needed computer support.

As in earlier archeological projects funded by the Skagit Environmental Endowment Commission, staff and participants of the Student Conservation Association assisted us in the field for the excavation of archeological site 45WH220, which is discussed in this report. Gerry Cook made it possible to excavate the site for the mutual benefit of archeology and the SCA members.

Thanks to the on-going collaboration with my British Columbia colleagues, particularly Dave Schaepe and Stó:lō First Nation for the loan of artifacts for analysis from the Chilliwack Lake sites.

Craig Skinner, Northwest Research Obsidian Studies Laboratory, performed geochemical characterization of vitrophyre source samples. Tim Wahl provided the electronic version of the 1866 boundary survey map.

Those most directly involved in the implementation of the project and preparation of this final report are Brooke Larrabee, Andrea Weiser, and Jesse Kennedy. Archeological field assistance was rendered by Kevin Baldwin, Greg Burtchard, Dave Conca, Brooke Larrabee, Lance Martin, Dan Mulligan, Gregg Sullivan, and Andrea Weiser. Editorial review and comment was provided by Greg Burtchard and Brooke Larrabee