

Appendix F: NPS Museum Collections Management Checklists

A. Overview	F:1
B: NPS Checklist for Preservation and Protection of Museum Collections	F:1
What is the purpose of the Checklist?	F:2
What additional tools do I need to address the ongoing (day-to-day) needs of the museum collection?	F:2
How do I complete the Checklist?.....	F:2
What data do I collect and record with the Checklist?.....	F:3
How are NPS preservation and protection standards reflected in the Checklist?	F:3
How is the Checklist organized?	F:4
How do I determine costs for correcting deficiencies identified in the Checklist?.....	F:4
How do I use the information in the Checklist?.....	F:5
How is the Checklist used for GPRA?	F:5
Who else uses the information in the Checklist?	F:5
C. NPS Collection Management Plan Team Site Visit Checklist	F:6
D. NPS Collection Management Plan Team Reference Document Checklist	F:24
E. List of Figures	F:27

APPENDIX F: NPS MUSEUM COLLECTIONS MANAGEMENT CHECKLISTS

A. Overview

This appendix includes three Checklists that support the preservation of NPS collections.

- NPS Checklist for Preservation and Protection of Museum Collections
- NPS Collection Management Plan Team Site Visit Checklist
- NPS Collection Management Plan Team Reference Document Checklist

The NPS Checklist for Preservation and Protection of Museum Collections is submitted using the Automated Checklist Program (ACP) in the Automated National Catalog System (ANCS+). This Checklist is the responsibility of park museum employees. The information in Figure F.1 will assist you in estimating costs to correct deficiencies identified in the checklist.

The 1996 manual version of the Checklist (before it was incorporated into ANCS+) is in Figure F.2. This version is provided for easy reference to Checklist questions. Though the ACP questions are identical, the ACP allows you to track additional information. Parks and centers must submit their Checklist using the ACP.

The other two checklists (Sections C and D) in this Appendix are used by Collection Management Plan (CMP) teams and serve as outlines for the information that the CMP team collects, reviews, and distributes.

B. NPS Checklist for Preservation and Protection of Museum Collections

The NPS Checklist for Preservation and Protection of Museum Collections (Checklist) has gone through several revisions. It was first issued in 1986 as the Inspection Checklist for Museum Storage and Exhibit Spaces. The Department of the Interior adopted the checklist and in 1992 the NPS used a version entitled the DOI Checklist for the Preservation, Protection and Documentation of Museum Property, Part I: Preservation and Protection of Museum Property (as amended for use by the National Park Service, February 28, 1992). In 1996 it was automated in a DOS-based computer program and submitted by parks in electronic format for the first time. At that time it assumed its current name and the automated program was called the Automated Checklist Program (ACP). Since the issuance of ANCS+ in 1998, the Checklist is submitted using the Windows-based ACP, a utility in ANCS+.

1. *What is the purpose of the Checklist?*

Each unit (park, center, or office) is required to conduct a self-assessment in order to update progress on how well it is preserving and protecting the museum collections in its custody. The Checklist is designed as a tool to facilitate this self-assessment. It will assist you in identifying the preservation and protection needs of your unit's museum collection. The Checklist can help your unit to obtain funding from the servicewide Museum Collections Preservation and Protection Program (MCP) and other funding sources to correct deficiencies in your:

- facilities
- equipment
- supplies
- planning

You also use the Checklist to report accomplishments regarding NPS Strategic Plan Goal Ia6 for the Government Performance and Results Act (GPRA).

2. *What additional tools do I need to address the ongoing (day-to-day) needs of the museum collection?*

The Checklist provides some data on managing the preservation of museum collections, but does not address all of the needs (including staffing) of your museum collection. The daily responsibilities include accessioning, cataloging, and inventorying; housekeeping; monitoring and controlling the environment and pests; storage; security; fire protection; conservation treatment; access; research; publication; and exhibits (both traditional and Web-based).

In addition to the Checklist, you need to use other planning and budgeting tools to identify the total base funding needs of the collection:

- Collection Management Plan (CMP)
- Resources Management Plan (RMP)
- Resources Management Assessment Program (R-MAP) – includes Natural Resources and Cultural Resources
- Performance Management Information System (PMIS)
- Operations Formulation System (OFS) – documents funding and staffing needs

3. *How do I complete the Checklist?*

To complete the Checklist you must use the Automated Checklist Program (ACP) included in the ANCS+ collection management package. The ACP generates the Checklist for your park, center, or office. Instructions for completing the Checklist using the ACP are in Appendix G: The Automated Checklist Program of the *ANCS+ User Manual* issued in 1998. The *ANCS+ User Manual* is issued to each park and center with ANCS+. You can download extra copies of the manual from the Museum Management Program website at <www.cr.nps.gov/museum/publications/ancs.html>.

4. *What data do I collect and record with the Checklist?*

The Checklist identifies basic preservation and protection deficiencies when you answer a list of questions for each facility in your unit.

A **unit** is defined as a park, center, or office with museum collections. You answer one group of questions (Section H. Professional Assistance and Museum Planning) just for the unit.

A **facility** is defined as a space that houses museum collections, for example, a visitor center, rooms in a historic structure, a barn, or park headquarters. A single building can have more than one facility (or space) where museum objects are located. For example, the exhibit area, the storage room, and the administrative office that houses museum objects or archives could each be a separate facility within one building.

You must answer “YES” or “NO” or “NOT APPLICABLE” to each question and record the following information where appropriate:

- description of the deficiency
- cost estimate to correct the deficiency
- description of the action that will be taken to correct the deficiency
- comments
- funding spent in the previous fiscal year
- previous estimates for cost that have been recorded in the Checklist
- percentage of the deficiency that has been corrected, if not complete

5. *How are NPS preservation and protection standards reflected in the Checklist?*

The NPS standards, or basic requirements, for managing museum collections are represented by each question in the Checklist. You complete this self-assessment to determine which standards your park meets. If the unit does not meet a standard (that is, you answer “NO” on the Checklist), then the unit has a deficiency for that standard. The Checklist has standards in eight categories:

- Administrative offices
- Museum collections storage
- Exhibits
- Museum environment
- Security
- Fire protection
- Housekeeping
- Professional assistance and museum planning

6. *How is the Checklist organized?*

The standards under each category (except professional assistance and museum planning) are organized under the following sub-categories:

- Operations (procedural)
- Museum facility
- Equipment and supplies

You will answer different questions on the Checklist depending on the type of facility (Unit, Administrative, Storage, or Exhibit). These questions will come up automatically in the ACP.

<i>If type of space is . . .</i>	<i>Then . . .</i>
Unit	answer Section H. Professional Assistance and Museum Planning
Administrative	answer Section A. Administrative Offices
Storage	answer Sections B. Museum Collection Storage D. Museum Environment E. Security F. Fire Protection G. Housekeeping
Exhibit	answer Sections C. Exhibits D. Museum Environment E. Security F. Fire Protection G. Housekeeping

7. *How do I determine costs for correcting deficiencies identified in the Checklist?*

The information in Figure F.1 will assist you in estimating costs to correct deficiencies identified in the Checklist. All categories and subcategories in the table correspond to the Checklist. The costs shown are average costs that may be increased or decreased in your cost estimates depending on your unit's needs and geographic location.

With two exceptions, you must correct all deficiencies listed under the sub-category "Operations (procedural)" with base funding. Procedural deficiencies have minimal cost and can be corrected with changes in procedures. The two exceptions are under Category E, Security, question 1 (key issuance) and question 8 (Emergency Operation Plan).

Consult with park maintenance and protection staff as well as the regional/SO curator for assistance with estimating costs. If numerous deficiencies are identified, it may be necessary to rehabilitate an existing facility or to construct a new facility. Review programming documents for cost estimates. Look at documents such as the Project Management Information System (PMIS) projects and plans for new construction and repair/rehabilitation of museum collection storage and exhibit facilities.

Prices of equipment and supplies don't include shipping. Units should contact vendors for estimates of shipping to the site. Pricing, except where covered by contracts, is approximate and based on current prices from a range of acceptable models, types, or materials from several vendors. Refer to the NPS *Tools of the Trade* for descriptions and vendor sources of equipment and supplies.

Estimates should be calculated and as close to the real cost as possible. These estimates are important. Servicewide plans and long-range programming and budgeting are based on these data.

8. *How do I use the information in the Checklist?*

Use the reports generated in the Checklist to help you plan improvements to the preservation and protection of your museum collections. As you carry out projects that remove the deficiencies on the Checklist, you will:

- improve the care given to the collections
- meet NPS museum standards
- ensure the continued survival and accessibility of NPS collections
- enhance access and use of NPS museum collections

9. *How is the Checklist used for GPRA?*

The NPS has developed a Servicewide Strategic Plan in response to the Government Performance and Results Act (GPRA). Your park also has a Strategic Plan. The NPS tracks annual performance on the goals in these plans. Goal Ia6, "X% of preservation and protection conditions in park collections meet professional standards," uses Checklist data to track performance.

10. *Who else uses the information in the Checklist?*

The Museum Management Program (MMP) and regional and support offices use the information to:

- track conditions in spaces housing collections at servicewide, regional, cluster, and park levels
- measure strategic plan progress for GPRA goal Ia6
- help determine servicewide funding distributions for correcting identified deficiencies
- prepare budget justifications and develop funding requests
- prepare reports for park, cluster, and regional management; the Director, the Department of the Interior, Congress, and public inquiries

Regional and support offices may collect information from parks to help them organize more local strategies for support and funding.

C. NPS Collection Management Plan Team Site Visit Checklist

A Collection Management Plan is one of the primary planning documents for park museum collections. Each park must have a CMP. A CMP assesses a park's museum collection management program to identify problems and makes recommendations to improve the care of the collection.

When a Collection Management Plan (CMP) team visits your site, it will consider a wide range of topics in evaluating your museum program. The checklist in this section provides a detailed outline of a typical CMP. The broad categories may include:

- history of park and museum collection
- scope of collection
- documentation, including records and information management systems
- archival and manuscript collections
- security
- environment
- storage
- exhibits
- housekeeping and cyclic maintenance
- access and use
- staffing
- planning, programming, and funding

Under each category the checklist provides details of the types of topics that may be addressed by the team members. Each park and its museum collections are unique. The topics and depth of detail addressed in each park's CMP depends on the size, content, and condition of the museum and archival collections.

The checklist may be provided to the park staff in advance of the CMP team's visit to the park. It serves to orient the park superintendent and staff on the types and depth of information that the team will require when preparing a plan that will be useful to the park. The team members use the

checklist as a reminder of topics to cover.

A CMP team may include a variety of professionals depending on the types of collections in the park. Types of professionals who may be on a CMP team include:

- Archeologists
- Archival specialists and technicians
- Archivists
- Collections managers
- Conservators
- Curators
- Historians
- Natural scientists
- Registrars
- Security specialists
- Structure fire management specialists

See Chapter 3: Preservation: Getting Started, for more information on the CMP process and how the CMP relates to the Collection Condition Survey (CCS). See *Museum Handbook*, Part II, Appendix D: Museum Archives and Manuscript Collections, for guidance on incorporating a collection-level survey description of your archival materials into a CMP.

**NATIONAL PARK SERVICE
COLLECTION MANAGEMENT PLAN (CMP) TEAM
SITE VISIT CHECKLIST**

I. HISTORY OF PARK AND MUSEUM AND ARCHIVAL COLLECTION

- Enabling legislation/authorization
- Purpose of site/park
- Cultural and natural significance of park
- Provenance/source of collection
- Significance of collection and relationship to the park
- Size of collection
 - Numbers and types of objects and specimens in collection
 - disciplines
 - object classifications
 - Number and types of archival collections
 - total number of separate archival collections (by provenance)
 - linear feet of records
 - types of documents (electronic? photos? films? audio/videotapes?)
 - inclusive dates of archival collections
- Visitation
 - Recent visitor statistics
 - Peak season/time
 - Visitor impact on collection (annual statistics)
 - number of duplicates provided
 - number of research requests (NPS and external) from Collections Management Report
 - number of research room visits (individual visits), if available
 - number of research room visitors (distinct visitors as opposed to visits), if available
 - number of publications, exhibitions, interpretive sessions, films, etc. produced using collections, if available
 - number of FOIA requests

II. SCOPE OF COLLECTION

- Review the Scope of Collection Statement by theme, types of materials, historical era, and geographical coverage to ensure it covers all necessary materials. (Use NPS Checklist for Evaluating Scope of Collection Statements. See Appendix E: Scope of Collection Statement.)
- Acquisition strategies
- Gaps in collection by theme, type of material, association, historical era, geographical coverage
 - Collections development strategy (cooperative acquisition planning with other local/national organizations)
 - Priorities for collecting

- ___ Status of records management program in park
- ___ Disposition strategies
 - ___ Objects outside scope of collection
 - ___ Deaccession proposal(s)
 - ___ Status of official records disposition, if relevant to collections
- ___ Identification strategies for park collections held outside the NPS
 - ___ Where managed
 - ___ How managed—preservation, arrangement, description, and access issues

III. MUSEUM DOCUMENTATION (RECORDS AND INFORMATION MANAGEMENT)

- ___ Records storage and preservation
 - ___ Fire-rated, insulated file cabinet with lock
 - ___ load limitation
 - ___ need for back-up
 - ___ Magnetic media safes, files, boxes
 - ___ floor load
 - ___ need for back-up
 - ___ refreshing/migration needs
 - ___ Location
 - ___ physical and intellectual access
 - ___ sensitive data
 - ___ vital records security
 - ___ Acid-free photocopies of one-of-a-kind records
 - ___ Use of high-quality storage materials
 - ___ Condition
 - ___ reformatting needs
 - ___ other treatment needs
- ___ Accession records
 - ___ Accession Book
 - ___ first and last entries/dates
 - ___ consecutive entries and pages
 - ___ catalog numbers
 - ___ received from/how acquired
 - ___ recording of multiple objects in single accession
 - ___ Accession folders
 - ___ proof of ownership (title documents and physical custody documentation)
 - ___ correspondence on acquisition

- ___ correspondence on donor and legal restrictions, including copyrights, privacy, and publicity rights
- ___ correspondence on consultations with affiliated groups relating to potential cultural sensitivities
- ___ model releases, interview releases, permissions, and licenses relating to accessions
- ___ checklist
- ___ Accession Receiving Report (Form 10-95)

- ___ Source of accession file (optional)

- ___ Unaccessioned objects
 - ___ Number and type
 - ___ Official/non-official, active/inactive records

- ___ Catalog records
 - ___ Copies
 - ___ electronic copy for National Catalog submission
 - ___ blue "working copies" in post binders (optional)
 - ___ classification and location files (optional)
 - ___ first and last catalog records (number/dates)
 - ___ backup copy of ANCS+ data stored off-site
 - ___ Registration and catalog data in ANCS+
 - ___ all mandatory data complete and accurate
 - ___ classifications correct
 - ___ descriptions sufficiently detailed
 - ___ condition indicated and current
 - ___ locations current
 - ___ values current and updated periodically
 - ___ ANCS+
 - ___ percent of collection in ANCS+
 - ___ type of equipment
 - ___ Retrievability of objects and information
 - ___ objects marked with catalog numbers correctly
 - ___ acronyms used
 - ___ NH labels
 - ___ Cataloging backlog
 - ___ number and type of objects (available on CMR)
 - ___ Catalog folders or ANCS+ supplemental records
 - ___ condition reports
 - ___ object treatment requests and reports
 - ___ appraisals
 - ___ research information
 - ___ restrictions
 - ___ routine maintenance
 - ___ location, status, and catalog history

- ___ Inventory records
 - ___ 100% inventory, if applicable

- ___ Automated Inventory Program
 - ___ Random Sample Inventory
 - ___ Controlled Property Inventory
 - ___ Accessions Inventory

- ___ Missing objects
 - ___ Report of Survey (DI-103)

- ___ Collections Management Report
 - ___ Accurate
 - ___ Center records included
 - ___ Non-NPS repository records included
 - ___ Loans included and accurate

- ___ Loan records
 - ___ Incoming (number, location, and renewal)
 - ___ Outgoing (number, location, and renewal)
 - ___ Loan agreements
 - ___ Loan folders and files
 - ___ Loan tracking

- ___ Deaccessions
 - ___ Number and type
 - ___ Disposition documents

- ___ Photographs
 - ___ Object photos
 - ___ room/exhibit installation photos
 - ___ record photos
 - ___ digital photos in ANCS+

IV. ARCHIVAL AND MANUSCRIPT COLLECTIONS

___ Archival collecting history

___ Synopsis should include:

___ When and why archival and manuscript collecting began

___ The focus (thematic, temporal, and geographic) of early archival collecting

___ Names and titles of major records/archival manuscript collection creators/collectors

___ The history of records management in the park, if known

___ An abstract of the park archival and manuscript collections at the repository level, including:

___ number of separate archival/manuscript collections

___ number of collections with finding aids

___ number of collections cataloged at the archival collection level in ANCS+

___ inclusive dates of total archival holdings

___ volume of total archival holdings

___ major types and estimates of quantities of materials included (e.g., photographs, architectural drawings, sound and video recordings, maps, electronic media, and manuscripts)

___ brief description of any exceptionally significant groups of materials

___ major gaps in archival collections, if known (e.g., nothing on a particular era, theme, region, group, or entire categories of records, for example, diaries, maps, or photos)

___ identification of the various buildings and spaces containing archival materials

___ determination of whether an Archival Assessment has been done (all archival and manuscript collections and park records have been surveyed and described at the collection level with recommendations)

___ attached copy of any archival assessment or other collection-level survey of park records and manuscripts

___ Records management

___ Does the park have the following:

___ a clear file plan

___ trained records management staff

___ all official records located and labeled with clear disposition plan (to NARA) and cut-off dates

___ all inactive non-official records located, compared to the SOCS, and materials for the museum collections transferred and cataloged or disposed of appropriately

___ Procedures

___ Archival processing plan indicating:

___ prioritized lists of collections for arrangement, description, preservation, reformatting, and finding aid work

___ documentation on major collection risks (preservation, legal, and theft/vandalism)

___ definition of resource (staffing, supply, and funding) needs

___ staff training needs

___ archival storage, work, and reference room improvements necessary

___ steps necessary to achieve better access to collections

___ Processing guidance including standard operating procedures for:

___ archival collection preservation

- ___ archival handling
- ___ archival rehousing and storage
- ___ archival reformatting and/or treatment
- ___ archival description and cataloging (including ANCS+ cataloging and description in Collections Management and Archives Module):
 - ___ descriptive rules (archives, personal papers, and manuscripts),
 - ___ descriptive format (MARC format)
 - ___ vocabularies (Library of Congress Subject Headings and AAT)
 - ___ personal and corporate names (Library of Congress name authorities)
- ___ finding aid and guide creation, indexing, and production procedures
- ___ procedures for mounting finding aids on Web
- ___ procedures for sending guides and finding aids to National Union Catalog of Manuscript Collections (NUCMC).
- ___ archival arrangement, including
 - ___ preparatory research work
 - ___ identification of provenance and original order,
 - ___ identification of restrictions
 - ___ how to identify and arrange series
 - ___ how to identify and arrange file units
 - ___ when and how to weed
 - ___ how to resolve problems

___ A collections documentation strategy identifying any gaps in collections and indicating how they will be filled

___ Access and use

- ___ Catalog records at the archival collection-level in ANCS+ Collections Management System
- ___ Collections processed (arranged and described) by a professional archivist
- ___ Major collections cataloged within the ANCS+ Archives Module at the series and/or file unit and/or item-level.
- ___ Item level records linked to an appropriate collection-level record in the ANCS+ Collections Management System
- ___ Indexed finding aids for each archival or manuscript collection in the park
- ___ Master guide to all collections with a single index to names, subjects, and formats (document types)
- ___ Entries in the NUCMC on park collections

___ Equipment

- ___ On-site freezer, or off-site storage for nitrate film
- ___ Book trucks to transfer materials to research room

V. MUSEUM SECURITY (Use Survey Checklist) See Chapter 9:“Security and Fire Protection” and Appendix G: “Museum Collections Protection.”

- Procedures
- Risk assessments
- Physical and electronic security
- Fire prevention, detection, and suppression
- Emergency management, planning, and response

VI. MUSEUM ENVIRONMENT

- Temperature and relative humidity
 - Local climate
 - mean/extreme temperature and RH
 - frost season
 - annual precipitation
 - Measurements
 - room-by-room
 - outside
 - past logs/charts and analyses
 - Equipment
 - psychrometer (sling/aspirating)
 - hygrothermographs
 - dial thermohygrometers
 - dataloggers
 - calibration frequency
 - Climate control
 - HVAC system (type and location of air handlers, vents)
 - portable humidifiers and dehumidifiers (location and number)
- Light
 - Measurements (seasonal)
 - ultraviolet
 - visible
 - Light sources
 - natural (doors, windows)
 - artificial (fluorescent, incandescent)
 - Protection
 - UV-filtering film on windows
 - UV sleeves on fluorescent lights
 - curtains, shades, shutters
- Dust and air pollution

- ___ Local air pollution levels
 - ___ monitoring in park (by EPA or other agency)

- ___ Source of dust air pollution
 - ___ highways
 - ___ industry
 - ___ unexcavated basement
 - ___ asbestos containing materials in building
 - ___ visitors

- ___ Air filtration/purification system
 - ___ HEPA filter
 - ___ activated charcoal filters
 - ___ portable air purifiers

- ___ Protective measures
 - ___ entrance mats
 - ___ weather-stripping

- ___ Biological infestation
 - ___ Past infestation
 - ___ pests identified (insects, birds and mammals, mold)
 - ___ action taken
 - ___ damage to collection
 - ___ evidence of current infestation (frass and droppings, tunnels and holes, nests, mold)
 - ___ staging area and freezer for dealing with infested materials

 - ___ Park IPM Program
 - ___ park IPM Coordinator involvement with museum collections
 - ___ monitoring program
 - ___ periodic inspections
 - ___ written log and analyses

 - ___ Potential attraction and harborage sites
 - ___ kitchen (food storage)
 - ___ appliances
 - ___ plumbing/water source
 - ___ cracks and gaps
 - ___ trash removal (overnight)

 - ___ Pesticides
 - ___ unauthorized use of any pesticide
 - ___ potential hazards from past pesticide use

- ___ Hazardous materials and response
 - ___ Labeled hazards
 - ___ cellulose nitrate film
 - ___ collections with pesticide residues
 - ___ firearms, armaments, edged weapons, ammunition
 - ___ medical, dental, veterinary equipment
 - ___ heavy metals in textiles
 - ___ hazardous rocks/fossils
 - ___ radiation

- toxic materials used in construction of objects
- asbestos
- flammable supplies
- moldy materials
- pest residues

- Safety equipment
 - rated breathing apparatus, for mold, hantavirus and asbestos fitted to staff who need them
 - smocks, neoprene gloves, goggles

VII. STORAGE

- Existing storage condition
 - Location of storage
 - hazardous location (fault line, cliff, near water, near highway)
 - attic
 - basement
 - water pipes/roof leaks/open water source overhead/storm drain in or above space
 - available space (square footage)
 - 10 year expansion needs
 - additional space needed for current collection (compactor system, superinsulated building)
 - load limitations
 - space utilization (aisle widths, cabinet arrangement)
 - multiple building use
 - off-site storage
 - collections split, consider all locations

 - Dedicated storage
 - non-museum items or functions that don't belong in collections storage
 - restricted access

 - Exclusively curatorial functions
 - percent of collection in storage
 - type of museum objects
 - organization of storage (by material, provenience or object type)
 - range in size of objects stored

 - Storage equipment
 - number of cabinets/shelves
 - type of cabinets/shelves
 - standard/double specimen cabinets
 - wardrobe/jumbo GL-C cabinets
 - visual storage cabinets
 - entomology cabinets
 - herbarium cabinets
 - map cabinets
 - security gun vaults
 - art storage racks
 - mobile shelving-either bakers rack or installed
 - fire-insulated file cabinets
 - steel shelving
 - equipment needed
 - condition of cabinet gaskets seals
 - cabinet locks

- ___ Storage methods
 - ___ stored correctly using proper equipment
 - ___ elevated off floor >4"
 - ___ polyethylene drawer liners/shelf pads
 - ___ polyethylene foam cavity packing
 - ___ stacking/crowding
 - ___ dust covers made of stable materials, where appropriate
 - ___ labels

- ___ Curatorial workspace
 - ___ separate from storage area
 - ___ examining table
 - ___ other equipment
 - ___ no food or open water sources

- ___ Research room
 - ___ separate from storage and curatorial work areas
 - ___ totally and easily visible from the curatorial work space
 - ___ lockers or coat rack and storage space nearby
 - ___ ANCS+ terminal available
 - ___ adequate space
 - ___ good lighting at low levels using incandescent spot lights
 - ___ stable environment similar to storage space
 - ___ continuous staff supervision during operation

- ___ Off-site storage
 - ___ leased space for park collections
 - ___ regional NPS repositories
 - ___ non-NPS repositories (documented loans)
 - ___ cellulose nitrate and cellulose ester cold storage

- ___ Condition of objects, archival and manuscript materials and specimens in storage
 - ___ Collection Condition Survey needed

 - ___ Storage materials
 - ___ inert, archival quality
 - ___ acid-free, buffered or unbuffered
 - ___ cabinets vs. shelves
 - ___ specimen trays
 - ___ padding

 - ___ Periodic inspection for deterioration
 - ___ frequency
 - ___ evidence of deterioration
 - ___ conservation treatment needed
 - ___ reformatting and retirement or treatment of original

 - ___ Proper storage to maintain condition
 - ___ archeological bulk collections
 - ___ baskets
 - ___ books
 - ___ ceramics and glass
 - ___ costumes
 - ___ electronic records

- entomology specimens
- firearms
- fossils
- freeze-dried/taxidermy specimens
- furniture
- herbarium specimens
- manuscripts and archival textual materials
- magnetic media
- maps
- metals
- motion picture film
- paintings and framed graphics
- phonograph records
- photographic images
- skins
- textiles
- unframed graphics
- wagons, carriages, canoes
- wet specimens
- other

VIII. EXHIBITS

- Evaluation of collection use in exhibits
- Existing exhibit conditions
 - Locations
 - visitor center
 - other exhibits
 - Furnished historic structures
 - approved historic furnishing report
 - tour arrangements (average group size, guided/self-guided)
 - placement of objects away from vents/light and potential handling/touching
 - Exhibit cases and construction
 - UV glass or Plexiglas
 - UV shields on lights
 - inert materials
 - curatorial access
 - security (tamper-free)
 - air tight (gasket seals)
 - object mounts
 - Exhibit lighting
 - low-voltage, cool lights (see also Museum and Archival Environment)
 - Exhibit maintenance manual
 - Rehabilitation needed
- Condition of objects on exhibit
 - Collection Condition Survey needed

- Neutral barriers between objects of dissimilar materials (Mylar, acid-free matboard)
- Neutral barriers between objects and audience
- Park procedures limiting smoking, eating, and receptions in exhibit spaces
- Evidence of deterioration
 - conservation treatment needed
 - weekly/daily inspections
 - objects that should not be exhibited
- Exhibit maintenance
 - manuscripts and books (rotated/turned - copies used where possible)
 - textiles and costumes (refolded/rotated)
 - wood furniture (waxed)
 - silver (polished or lacquered)
 - iron and steel (microcrystalline wax)
 - other
- Reproductions
 - cataloged
 - substituted for fragile original in exhibits and for reference
- Objects accessible for visitors to touch
 - consumptive use approved

IX. HOUSEKEEPING AND CYCLIC MAINTENANCE

- Existing conditions
 - Dust
 - Clutter
- Written housekeeping manual
 - Cleaning methods
 - Cleaning materials
 - Schedule (documented in ANCS+ Maintenance Module)
- Equipment
 - Vacuums (HEPA, backpack, portable)
 - Other equipment and supplies
- Proper handling of museum and archival objects
- Cyclic preventive building maintenance
 - Maintenance Management System (Facility Management Software system, effective FY2000)

- ___ Personnel
 - ___ Maintenance staff (supervisor)
 - ___ Curatorial staff
 - ___ Training in curatorial housekeeping
- ___ Storage of cleaning supplies and equipment

X. ACCESS AND USE

- ___ Procedures for evaluating museum collections use
 - ___ Forms
 - ___ access procedures and rules governing use statement
 - ___ researcher registration form
 - ___ copyright and privacy restrictions statement
 - ___ researcher duplication form
 - ___ researcher log
 - ___ Checklist: Evaluating a Request to Use Museum Objects
 - ___ Standard operating procedures
 - ___ access procedures
 - ___ research and reference standard operating procedures
 - ___ handling procedures
 - ___ monitoring research space
 - ___ duplicating and reformatting
- ___ Research space
 - ___ Conditions
 - ___ dedicated space
 - ___ security
 - ___ adequate space
 - ___ location adjacent to work and storage space
 - ___ adequate equipment and utilities
 - ___ disabled access
- ___ Restrictions and legal issues
 - ___ Restrictions
 - ___ donor
 - ___ sensitive data
 - ___ Legal issues and compliance
 - ___ copyright
 - ___ privacy and publicity
 - ___ Archaeological Resources Protection Act
 - ___ National Historic Preservation Act
 - ___ Endangered Species Act
 - ___ Public Law 105-391, Title II-National Park System Resource Inventory and Management
 - ___ Freedom of Information Act
 - ___ Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act

___ Publications

___ Forms

- ___ intellectual property permission request
- ___ assignment of copyright by contractor
- ___ cooperative publishing agreement
- ___ model release form
- ___ Memorandum of Agreement or contract with publisher

___ Standard operating procedures

- ___ publication project checklist
- ___ digital publications project checklist
- ___ Museum Management Program editing checklist

___ Reproductions

___ Forms

- ___ reproduction order notification sheet
- ___ permission to publish
- ___ agreements and contracts for reproductions
- ___ standard operating procedures for 2-D and 3-D reproductions

___ Special uses

___ Forms

- ___ special use permit
- ___ hold harmless or liability clause to be included in a special use permit
- ___ conditions included in special use permit for spaces housing museum collections

___ Procedures

- ___ filming and photography in spaces housing museum collections
- ___ special events in exhibit spaces
- ___ keeping objects in working order
- ___ museum objects used in performance, sound production or demonstration
- ___ museum objects used in educational and interpretive programs

___ Research

___ Staff knowledge of library research techniques

- ___ basic research
- ___ special sources on archives
- ___ special sources on museum objects

___ Staff knowledge of museum research techniques

___ Staff knowledge of archival research techniques

___ Staff knowledge of Web searching techniques

___ Staff knowledge of how to interview potential researchers

X. STAFFING

___ Archives Technician (1421 series)

___ Archivist (1420 series)

___ Curator (1015 series)

- Museum and Archival Aid
- Museum Technician (1016 series)
- Park Ranger with collateral duty
- Supervisor/park division (Interpretation/Resource Management)
- Registrar (1001)
- VIPs and student interns

- Training and experience of incumbent(s)
 - Training needs
 - Basic curatorial training
 - Archives management knowledge including: arrangement, description, handling, rehousing, deterioration and preparation for treatment, reformatting, reference services and research, cataloging in ANCS+ (including descriptive standards), finding aid production, archival guide production, intellectual property rights (copyrights, privacy, and publicity) and restrictions issues
 - ANCS+ training
 - Conservation management including identifying deterioration and treatment needs, project planning, working with a conservator, contract requirements for survey, treatment and analysis, using the Conservation Module in ANCS+

- Adequate positions for workload

XII. PLANNING, PROGRAMMING, AND FUNDING

- Park planning documents include collections
 - General Management Plan (GMP)
 - Park Strategic Plan
 - Annual Performance Plan
 - Resources Management Plan (RMP)

- Funding sources
 - Backlog Cataloging (BACAT)
 - Cooperating associations
 - Cultural Cyclic Maintenance Funds
 - Cultural Resources Preservation Program (CRPP)
 - Museum Collections Preservation and Protection (MCPPE) Program
 - ONPS (base funding)
 - Recreational Fee Demonstration Program
 - other

**D. NPS Collection
Management Plan Team
Reference Document
Checklist**

The checklist in this section provides a list of park related documents (e.g., legislation, park-specific plans, general park information, park museum operational procedures, curatorial budget, curatorial position descriptions and performance standards) that the team members will need to review and evaluate. Some of these documents (for example, Scope of Collection Statement, General Management Plan, Park Strategic Plan, Annual Performance Plan, Resources Management Plan, NPS Checklist for Preservation and Protection of Museum Collections, Collections Management Reports) may be requested before the team's site visit.

**NATIONAL PARK SERVICE
COLLECTION MANAGEMENT PLAN TEAM REFERENCE DOCUMENT CHECKLIST**

Legislation

- Enabling legislation, presidential proclamation, or executive order
- Subsequent legislation
- Congressional background reports
- Other:

General Information

- Brochure(s)
- Handbook
- Other:

General Park Plans

- General Management Plan
- Strategic Plan
- Annual Performance Plan
- Resources Management Plan (Cultural and Natural - including project statements related to collections and facilities housing them)

Plans and Documentation Specific to Museum Collections

- Scope of Collection Statement
- Collection Management Plan
- Annual Inventory of Museum Property
- Exhibit Plan(s) (including list of objects)
- Historic Furnishings Report(s)
- Collection Condition Survey(s)
- Collection Storage Plan
- Collections Management Report (Form 10-94)
- Checklist for Preservation and Protection of Museum Collections

Other Pertinent Resource Management Plans

- Historic Resource Study
- Historic Structure Report(s)
- Inventory and Condition Assessment Program (ICAP)
- Ethnographic plans
- Archeological plans
- Other:

Park Museum Collection Management Procedures

- Procedures for access and use of museum collection
- Opening and closing procedures for museum exhibit and storage spaces
- Housekeeping plans/schedules
- Park's Emergency Operation Plan (including Structural Fire, Physical Security, Disaster/Emergency Plans)

- ___ Integrated Pest Management Plan
- ___ Building/facility cyclical maintenance manuals/schedules

Other Park Procedures and Documents Relevant to Collection Management

- ___ Construction drawings or blue prints for buildings housing museum collection (visitor centers, storage rooms, furnished historic structures, etc.)
- ___ Basic operating plan
- ___ Staffing/organization chart
- ___ Position description(s) for staff assigned curatorial responsibilities
- ___ Performance standards for staff assigned curatorial responsibilities and supervisor
- ___ Current budget
- ___ Cooperative agreements
- ___ Project Management Information System (PMIS) Statements
- ___ Current permits (36 CFR 2.5g), if expected to generate specimens for the museum collection
- ___ Performance Management Data System (PMDS) entries for collections-related Strategic Plan goals (Ia6, Ib2D, others)

E. List of Figures

F.1. Cost Estimates	F:28
F.2. NPS Checklist for Preservation and Protection of Museum Collections.....	F:32

Cost Estimates (2005)

NOTE: \$/SF = costs per square foot

Administrative Offices (For costs, see appropriate categories below.)

Museum Collections Storage

Dollars

Museum Facility

- Renovating an existing facility..... 68-113/SF
- Constructing a new facility (DSC designed and coordinated project, does not include site preparation).....248-363/SF
- Insulated Modular Structures (IMS) - recommended only for use inside an existing structure. (See *COGs* 4/7 and 4/8). Costs range from small structures without HVAC, security, and fire protection systems that are assembled by unit staff to large structures with HVAC, security, and fire protection systems that are assembled by a contractor. 60-145/SF
- IMS within an enclosing wood frame or masonry structure built specifically to accommodate the IMS. The cost includes climate control, security and fire protection systems..... 106-220/SF
- Park-built structures, including climate control, security and fire protection systems 100-175/SF
- Contractor-built structures, including climate control, security and fire protection systems..... 100-200/SF

NOTE: Construction costs vary with the type, size, and configuration of the structure; the locality (costs in Alaska could double those cited); the difficulties of site preparation; and the complexity of the HVAC, security, and fire protection systems. Costs for systems range from \$4-15/SF for fire detection/suppression systems, \$4-6/SF for intrusion detection systems, and \$22-44/SF for HVAC systems. The cost for architectural and engineering planning such as facility preliminary design (Title I) and design and specifications (Title II) may be absorbed in the overall cost of the building (if contractor or park designed and constructed), cost up to \$20/SF if obtained separately, or be 17% of the overall project cost if DSC designed and constructed.

Equipment and Supplies

- Retrofit gasket kit.....40
- Sash lock12
- Standard museum cabinet w/10 drawers.....775-1,410
- Doublewide museum cabinet w/10 drawers.....1,315-1,984
- Wardrobe cabinet w/specialized storage interiors (depends on interior)1,700-3,300
- Herbarium cabinet, counter height (12 compartments)..... 567
- Herbarium cabinet, full height (26 compartments)..... 765
- Entomology cabinet, counter height (15 drawer openings)..... 680
- Entomology cabinet, full height (24 drawer openings).....1,185-2356
- Cornell drawers for entomology cabinets.....41
- Security gun vault with acrylic museum assemblies2,000
- High density moveable-aisle storage systems 125/SF
- Slotted metal angle for constructing large shelving units (bundles of 10 – 12' angle pieces with 75 nuts and bolts) (2 bundles are needed for unit of 3 shelves measuring 4' x 8'; 3 bundles are needed for unit of 5 shelves measuring 4' x 8') 160/Bundle
- 5/8" – 3/4" plywood sheets for shelving..... 40/Sheet

Figure F.1. Cost Estimates (2005)

	<u>Dollars</u>
• Steel shelving units.....	250/unit
• Map cabinet 5-drawer unit (need 2 units for counter height).....	760
• Map cabinet base units.....	250
• Sanitary platform for standard museum cabinet.....	68
• Sanitary platform for doublewide museum cabinet.....	87
• Sanitary platform for wardrobe cabinet.....	128
• Safety stacking rim for standard cabinet.....	35
• Lumber, plywood and paint to construct wooden platform (labor not included) for	
Standard museum cabinet.....	45
Doublewide and wardrobe cabinet.....	55
• Flammable liquid cabinet (various sizes).....	200-700
• GSA utility cabinet for forms and museum supplies.....	240
• Costs for polyethylene foam, specimen trays and specialized containers as listed in <i>NPS Tools of the Trade</i> vary greatly. Call vendors listed in <i>Tools of the Trade</i> for current prices. Units may order modest quantities of these materials through the Museum Supply and Equipment Program, Museum Management Program.	
 NOTE: The costs for equipment do not include shipping. Shipping costs can be as high as 1/3 of the cost of the equipment when shipped in the contiguous United States, higher when shipped to Alaska, Hawaii, Guam and other locations outside the continental United States.	
 Museum Exhibit	
<u>Equipment and Supplies</u>	
• Replacing an exhibit case	
Table top or pedestal exhibit case.....	2,800-11,000
Walk-in-style exhibit case.....	11,000-33,000
• Retrofitting existing exhibit case	
Retrofit of exhibit case, e.g., surfaces/paints, graphics/furniture replacement.....	2,200-5,500
Retrofit of exhibit case structure, e.g., physical security, lighting component.....	3,000-11,000
Retrofit of object mount, e.g., single mount, garment manikin.....	550-3,300
 NOTE: Exhibit replacement and retrofitting costs vary with the size and complexity of the exhibit case. Factors affecting cost include whether or not there is a need for specialized humidity control, lighting, security and museum mount features; the availability of specialized contractors; and the proximity of contractors to the park.	
 Museum Environment	
<u>Museum Facility</u>	
HVAC System.....	24-46/SF
 <u>Equipment and Supplies</u>	
• Hygrothermograph.....	625
• Datalogger (temperature and RH recording).....	55-565
• Remote probe for datalogger (for use in exhibit cases).....	200
• Datalogger computer software for setting up instruments and analyzing data.....	95-140

Figure F.1. Cost Estimates (2005) (continued)

	<u>Dollars</u>
• Electronic thermohygrometer (depending on brand and style).....	325-1,000
• Sling psychrometer.....	25-125
• Aspirated psychrometer.....	423
• Hygrometer.....	30-100
• Portable dehumidifier (refrigerant type).....	300
• Portable dehumidifier (desiccant type).....	1,000
• Humidifier.....	300
• Portable air purifier with HEPA and activated carbon filters.....	450
• Visible light meter.....	150
• UV (ultraviolet radiation) meter.....	1,500
• Vacuum cleaner (HEPA).....	600-1,100
• UV fluorescent filtering sleeves.....	7
• UV filtering acrylic (Plexiglas [®] , OP-2 [®] , or similar)	
8" x 10" sheet.....	10
20" x 24" sheet.....	45
4' x 8' x 1/4" sheet.....	300
• UV filtering film professionally installed on windows.....	10/SF
Security	
<u>Museum Facility</u>	
Intrusion detection system (approximate minimum \$2,000).....	5-7/SF
<u>Equipment and Supplies</u>	
• Recoring locks (contact locksmith or maintenance staff for costs)	
• Locking key boxes.....	40-60
• Metal or solid core doors.....	275-450
• Deadbolt locks.....	50
Fire Protection	
<u>Museum Facility</u>	
• Fire detection system.....	5-7/SF
• Fire suppression system	
Wet pipe system (includes smoke or heat detection system).....	10-15/SF
Dry pipe system (includes smoke or heat detection system).....	12-16/SF
NOTE: Costs increase if the system requires the installation of a new dedicated National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) approved 4" or 6" water line or if there is a need for a water storage reservoir. Specific estimated costs for installation of water line and storage reservoir include:	
• Pipe installation.....	43/LF
• Backflow preventer.....	12,650
• Gate valve.....	1,330-2,100
• Water meter and box.....	11,400
• Connection to existing line.....	2,900
• 10,000 gallon steel on-grade storage reservoir.....	40,250
(Prices vary with capacity and type of construction.)	

Figure F.1. Cost Estimates (2005) (continued)

Equipment and Supplies

- ABC fire extinguisher (20 pound unit).....70
- ABC fire extinguisher (10 pound unit).....50
- Flammable liquid cabinet (various sizes)..... 200-700
- Four-drawer insulated file cabinet 840
- Media vault 245
- Media safe (various sizes)..... 3,000-16,000

Professional Assistance and Museum Planning

- Assistance with establishing optimum relative humidity and temperature levels3,500-6,000
- Security Survey 9,000-12,000
- Fire Protection Survey 9,000-12,000
- Collection Management Plan12,000-25,000
- Collection Condition Survey..... 10,000-20,000
- Collection Storage Plan 7,000-13,000
- Integrated Pest Management Plan 10,000-15,000
- Housekeeping Plan 10,000-15,000

Figure F.1. Cost Estimates (2002) (continued)

**NATIONAL PARK SERVICE
CHECKLIST
FOR PRESERVATION AND PROTECTION
OF MUSEUM COLLECTIONS**

**National Park Service
National Center for Cultural
Resources Stewardship and
Partnership Programs
Museum Management Program**

Figure F.2. NPS Checklist (2009) for Preservation and Protection of Museum Collections

(Park/Center Acronym)

**NATIONAL PARK SERVICE
CHECKLIST FOR PRESERVATION AND PROTECTION
OF MUSEUM COLLECTIONS**

CHECKLIST COVER SHEET

Please complete and attach this cover sheet to your completed checklist.

Unit Name: _____

Unit Address: _____

(Street Address)

(P.O. Box Number)

(City, State, Zip Code)

Telephone Number: _____ Fax Number: _____

Completed by: _____ Date: _____

(Name)

(Title)

(Name)

(Title)

Reviewed/Approved by: _____

(Print/Type Park Superintendent/Center Manager Name)

(Park Superintendent/Center Manager Signature) Date: _____

**Figure F.2. NPS Checklist (2009) for Preservation and Protection of Museum
Collections Exported from ICMS (continued)**

CHECKLIST

TABLE 1: UNIT FACILITIES HOUSING MUSEUM COLLECTIONS

Facility Code	Name and Type of Facility	Type of Museum Space
---------------	---------------------------	-------------------------

Figure F.2. NPS Checklist (2009) for Preservation and Protection of Museum Collections Exported from ICMS (continued)

CHECKLIST

(Unit Acronym)

A. ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICES

Operations (Procedural):

1. Issuing keys to office spaces housing museum objects is strictly controlled by the use of a signed hand receipt.

Answer: _____

Action:

Comments:

2. Opening and closing procedures are written, approved, and practiced.

Answer: _____

Action:

Comments:

3. If time allows in a pending disaster (e.g., storm, flood, fire), there are instructions that provide guidance for the prioritized safe and secure evacuation of artwork.

Answer: _____

Action:

Comments:

4. Smoking is prohibited in offices housing museum objects.

Answer: _____

Action:

Comments:

5. Levels of relative humidity and temperature are monitored and recorded.

Answer: _____

Action:

Comments:

Figure F.2. NPS Checklist (2009) for Preservation and Protection of Museum Collections Exported from ICMS (continued)

CHECKLIST

(Unit Acronym)

6. The placement of artwork is away from heating and air-conditioning vents.

Answer: _____

Action:

Comments:

7. The visible spectrum of light is monitored for illuminance level and duration, is controlled, and meets the standards outlined in the DOI Museum Property Handbook, Volume I, Chapter 5 or the NPS Museum Handbook, Part I, Chapter 4 (1999).

Answer: _____

Action:

Comments:

8. The placement of artwork is such that outside light does not directly fall on objects(s). (If there is no outside light source, respond NA indicating not applicable.)

Answer: _____

Action:

Comments:

9. Handling and dusting of museum property is performed only by staff who have received appropriate training.

Answer: _____

Action:

Comments:

10. Three-dimensional materials are displayed in areas that minimize accidental damage. (If there are no three-dimensional materials on display, respond NA indicating not applicable.)

Answer: _____

Action:

Comments:

Equipment and Supplies:

Figure F.2. NPS Checklist (2009) for Preservation and Protection of Museum Collections Exported from ICMS (continued)

CHECKLIST

(Unit Acronym)

11. Ultraviolet (UV) radiation is controlled by a filtering material that has UV absorbing properties.

Answer: _____

Cost: \$ _____

Deficiency:

Action:

Comments:

Funding spent (previous) FY _____ \$ _____
Previous estimated cost to correct deficiency \$ _____
% of deficiency corrected _____

12. Artwork is properly framed and is securely hung on the wall.(If artwork is three-dimensional and not framable, respond NA indicating not applicable.)

Answer: _____

Cost: \$ _____

Deficiency:

Action:

Comments:

Funding spent (previous) FY _____ \$ _____
Previous estimated cost to correct deficiency \$ _____
% of deficiency corrected _____

Professional Assistance and Museum Planning:

13. Through a Conservation Survey/Collection Condition Survey (CCS), conservators have provided the unit a condition assessment of artwork and other museum property in administrative offices and guidance on setting priorities for care and conservation treatment.

Answer: _____

Cost: \$ _____

Deficiency:

Action:

Comments:

Funding spent (previous) FY _____ \$ _____
Previous estimated cost to correct deficiency \$ _____
% of deficiency corrected _____

B. MUSEUM COLLECTIONS STORAGE

Museum Facility:

1. The museum storage area is used solely for storage of museum objects.

Answer: _____

Deficiency:

Cost: \$ _____

Action:

Comments:

Funding spent (previous) FY _____ \$ _____
Previous estimated cost to correct deficiency \$ _____
% of deficiency corrected _____

Figure F.2. NPS Checklist (2009) for Preservation and Protection of Museum Collections Exported from ICMS (continued)

CHECKLIST

(Unit Acronym)

2. The curatorial office and research/reference and work areas are separated from the museum collections storage space.

Answer: _____

Cost: \$ _____

Deficiency:

Action:

Comments:

Funding spent (previous) FY _____ \$ _____
Previous estimated cost to correct deficiency \$ _____
% of deficiency corrected _____

3. Flammable liquids and materials, audiovisual equipment and other interpretive materials, and curatorial forms and supplies are stored outside the museum storage space in an appropriate cabinet.

Answer: _____

Cost: \$ _____

Deficiency:

Action:

Comments:

Funding spent (previous) FY _____ \$ _____
Previous estimated cost to correct deficiency \$ _____
% of deficiency corrected _____

4. The space is outside the 100-year floodplain.

Answer: _____

Cost: \$ _____

Deficiency:

Action:

Comments:

Funding spent (previous) FY _____ \$ _____
Previous estimated cost to correct deficiency \$ _____
% of deficiency corrected _____

5. The space is in an area that will not flood if pipes break, or drains back up. (If there are no pipes or drains in space, respond NA indicating not applicable.)

Answer: _____

Cost: \$ _____

Deficiency:

Action:

Comments:

Funding spent (previous) FY _____ \$ _____
Previous estimated cost to correct deficiency \$ _____
% of deficiency corrected _____

Figure F.2. NPS Checklist (2009) for Preservation and Protection of Museum Collections Exported from ICMS (continued)

CHECKLIST

(Unit Acronym)

6. The space is appropriately insulated to help maintain environmental conditions. (If space cannot be insulated given the nature of the structure, respond NA indicating not applicable.)

Answer: _____

Cost: \$ _____

Deficiency:

Action:

Comments:

Funding spent (previous) FY _____ \$ _____
Previous estimated cost to correct deficiency \$ _____
% of deficiency corrected _____

7. If space has windows, they are blocked (e.g., covered with plywood sheets) and insulated. (If space has no windows, respond NA indicating not applicable.)

Answer: _____

Cost: \$ _____

Deficiency:

Action:

Comments:

Funding spent (previous) FY _____ \$ _____
Previous estimated cost to correct deficiency \$ _____
% of deficiency corrected _____

8. Space has as few doors as possible to enhance security and environmental control, but has enough to meet requirements for employee safety.

Answer: _____

Cost: \$ _____

Deficiency:

Action:

Comments:

Funding spent (previous) FY _____ \$ _____
Previous estimated cost to correct deficiency \$ _____
% of deficiency corrected _____

9. Space is as free of water, steam, drain, and fuel pipes as is practical.

Answer: _____

Cost: \$ _____

Deficiency:

Action:

Comments:

Funding spent (previous) FY _____ \$ _____
Previous estimated cost to correct deficiency \$ _____
% of deficiency corrected _____

Figure F.2. NPS Checklist (2009) for Preservation and Protection of Museum Collections Exported from ICMS (continued)

CHECKLIST

(Unit Acronym)

10. Space is free of water, gas, or electric meters, electrical panels, and utility valves that require monitoring and servicing by non-curatorial personnel.

Answer: _____

Cost: \$ _____

Deficiency:

Action:

Comments:

Funding spent (previous) FY _____ \$ _____
Previous estimated cost to correct deficiency \$ _____
% of deficiency corrected _____

11. Space is sufficient for the movement of staff, equipment, and objects in and out without hindrances (e.g., low ceilings; inadequately sized doors; or narrow, winding, or steep stairways).

Answer: _____

Cost: \$ _____

Deficiency:

Action:

Comments:

Funding spent (previous) FY _____ \$ _____
Previous estimated cost to correct deficiency \$ _____
% of deficiency corrected _____

12. Space is large enough to accommodate the current museum collection and any anticipated growth.

Answer: _____

Cost: \$ _____

Deficiency:

Action:

Comments:

Funding spent (previous) FY _____ \$ _____
Previous estimated cost to correct deficiency \$ _____
% of deficiency corrected _____

13. Space is organized in a way that allows for easy access to museum objects and use of proper storage equipment.

Answer: _____

Cost: \$ _____

Deficiency:

Action:

Comments:

Funding spent (previous) FY _____ \$ _____
Previous estimated cost to correct deficiency \$ _____
% of deficiency corrected _____

Equipment and Supplies:

Figure F.2. NPS Checklist (2009) for Preservation and Protection of Museum Collections Exported from ICMS (continued)

CHECKLIST

(Unit Acronym)

14. Sufficient equipment (e.g., quantities, sizes, and appropriateness of cabinets, shelving units, and specialized racks) is used to store and contain museum objects without crowding. (If object size or type doesn't require storage equipment (e.g. vehicles), respond NA indicating not applicable.)

Deficiency:

Action:

Comments:

Answer: _____

Cost: \$ _____

Funding spent (previous) FY _____ \$ _____
Previous estimated cost to correct deficiency \$ _____
% of deficiency corrected _____

15. Museum storage cabinets are in good condition (e.g., are free of rust, have gaskets intact to provide good sealing action, have smoothly operating doors) and have working, keyed or combination lock mechanisms. (If object size or type doesn't require storage equipment, respond NA indicating not applicable.)

Deficiency:

Action:

Comments:

Answer: _____

Cost: \$ _____

Funding spent (previous) FY _____ \$ _____
Previous estimated cost to correct deficiency \$ _____
% of deficiency corrected _____

16. Museum cabinet drawers are not loaded beyond the manufacturer's recommended weight capacity. (If no cabinets with drawers are used in storage, respond NA indicating not applicable.)

Deficiency:

Action:

Comments:

Answer: _____

Cost: \$ _____

Funding spent (previous) FY _____ \$ _____
Previous estimated cost to correct deficiency \$ _____
% of deficiency corrected _____

17. Museum cabinets are stacked no more than two high. (If storage contains no cabinets that are stacked, respond NA indicating not applicable.)

Deficiency:

Action:

Comments:

Answer: _____

Cost: \$ _____

Funding spent (previous) FY _____ \$ _____
Previous estimated cost to correct deficiency \$ _____
% of deficiency corrected _____

CHECKLIST

(Unit Acronym)

18. Open shelving is free of burrs, splinters, exposed nails, screws, and bolts that can damage museum objects. (If there is no open shelving, respond NA indicating not applicable.)

Answer: _____

Cost: \$ _____

Deficiency:

Action:

Comments:

Funding spent (previous) FY _____ \$ _____
Previous estimated cost to correct deficiency \$ _____
% of deficiency corrected _____

19. Museum objects that are stacked are protected by appropriate containers or cushioning materials. (If no objects are stacked, respond NA indicating not applicable.)

Answer: _____

Cost: \$ _____

Deficiency:

Action:

Comments:

Funding spent (previous) FY _____ \$ _____
Previous estimated cost to correct deficiency \$ _____
% of deficiency corrected _____

20. Museum cabinets are raised off the floor at least 4 inches (preferably 6 inches) as a precaution against potential flooding and to facilitate cleaning of floors and inspection for pest problems. Bottom shelves of shelving units are raised off the floor 4 to 6 inches. (If facility has no cabinets or shelving units, respond NA indicating not applicable.)

Answer: _____

Cost: \$ _____

Deficiency:

Action:

Comments:

Funding spent (previous) FY _____ \$ _____
Previous estimated cost to correct deficiency \$ _____
% of deficiency corrected _____

21. Open shelving is stabilized to prevent it from tipping over. (If there is no open shelving, respond NA indicating not applicable.)

Answer: _____

Cost: \$ _____

Deficiency:

Action:

Comments:

Funding spent (previous) FY _____ \$ _____
Previous estimated cost to correct deficiency \$ _____
% of deficiency corrected _____

Figure F.2. NPS Checklist (2009) for Preservation and Protection of Museum Collections Exported from ICMS (continued)

CHECKLIST

(Unit Acronym)

22. The unit is outside of an earthquake zone.

Answer: _____

Action:

Comments:

23. Restraining bars or cords are attached to edges of shelves to prevent objects from falling off shelves during an earthquake. (If your response to item 22 is YES, respond NA indicating not applicable.)

Answer: _____

Cost: \$ _____

Deficiency:

Action:

Comments:

Funding spent (previous) FY _____ \$ _____
Previous estimated cost to correct deficiency \$ _____
% of deficiency corrected _____

24. Closed cell polyethylene foam is used in museum cabinet drawers and on shelving to cushion objects. (Exception: If natural history specimens are to be used for analysis of organic chemicals, do not use any kind of plastic in storage containers and respond NA.)

Answer: _____

Cost: \$ _____

Deficiency:

Action:

Comments:

Funding spent (previous) FY _____ \$ _____
Previous estimated cost to correct deficiency \$ _____
% of deficiency corrected _____

25. Objects in museum cabinets are placed in specimen trays, padded or otherwise prevented from shifting when drawers are opened and closed. (If no cabinets with drawers are used, respond NA indicating not applicable.)

Answer: _____

Cost: \$ _____

Deficiency:

Action:

Comments:

Funding spent (previous) FY _____ \$ _____
Previous estimated cost to correct deficiency \$ _____
% of deficiency corrected _____

Figure F.2. NPS Checklist (2009) for Preservation and Protection of Museum Collections Exported from ICMS (continued)

CHECKLIST

(Unit Acronym)

26. Museum objects and archival materials are housed in storage containers or on mounts (e.g., boxes, folders, envelopes, herbarium paper) that are made of museum/archival quality materials. (If there are no objects or archival materials that need such containers or mounts, respond NA indicating not applicable.)

Answer: _____

Cost: \$ _____

Funding spent (previous) FY _____ \$ _____
Previous estimated cost to correct deficiency \$ _____
% of deficiency corrected _____

Deficiency:

Action:

Comments:

27. Natural history specimens stored in fluids are housed in a space that provides appropriate ventilation. (If there are no specimens stored in fluids, respond NA indicating not applicable.)

Answer: _____

Cost: \$ _____

Funding spent (previous) FY _____ \$ _____
Previous estimated cost to correct deficiency \$ _____
% of deficiency corrected _____

Deficiency:

Action:

Comments:

28. Natural history specimens stored in fluids are housed separately from dry specimen collections. (If there are no specimens stored in fluids, respond NA indicating not applicable.)

Answer: _____

Cost: \$ _____

Funding spent (previous) FY _____ \$ _____
Previous estimated cost to correct deficiency \$ _____
% of deficiency corrected _____

Deficiency:

Action:

Comments:

29. Nitrate film is housed in buffered sleeves or envelopes, placed in Ziplock polyethylene bags, and stored in appropriate frost-free freezers in separate space from all other collections. (If there is no nitrate film, respond NA indicating not applicable.)

Answer: _____

Cost: \$ _____

Funding spent (previous) FY _____ \$ _____
Previous estimated cost to correct deficiency \$ _____
% of deficiency corrected _____

Deficiency:

Action:

Comments:

Figure F.2. NPS Checklist(2009) for Preservation and Protection of Museum Collections Exported from ICMS (continued)

CHECKLIST

(Unit Acronym)

30. Spaces and/or cabinets housing specimens stored in fluids, specimens treated with pesticides, rocks/minerals/fossils that are radioactive, or nitrate film are identified by appropriate health/safety sign. (If there are none of these materials, respond NA indicating not applicable.)

Answer: _____

Cost: \$ _____

Deficiency:

Action:

Comments:

Funding spent (previous) FY _____ \$ _____
Previous estimated cost to correct deficiency \$ _____
% of deficiency corrected _____

C. EXHIBITS

Operations (Procedural):

1. Exhibit plans and historic furnishings reports are reviewed by curatorial staff to ensure that the preservation, protection, and maintenance needs of museum objects are adequately addressed.

Answer: _____

Action:

Comments:

Museum Facility:

2. The space is outside the 100-year floodplain.

Answer: _____

Deficiency:

Cost: \$ _____

Action:

Comments:

Funding spent (previous) FY _____ \$ _____
Previous estimated cost to correct deficiency \$ _____
% of deficiency corrected _____

3. The space is in an area that will not flood if pipes break, or drains back up. (If there are no pipes or drains, respond NA indicating not applicable.)

Answer: _____

Deficiency:

Cost: \$ _____

Action:

Comments:

Funding spent (previous) FY _____ \$ _____
Previous estimated cost to correct deficiency \$ _____
% of deficiency corrected _____

Equipment and Supplies:

CHECKLIST

(Unit Acronym)

4. Exhibit cases are designed and fabricated in a manner that ensures the security and preservation of museum property (e.g., uses tamper-resistant screws; minimizes heat build up; controls light, relative humidity, dust levels; and prevents access by insects). (If there are no exhibit cases, respond NA indicating not applicable.)

Answer: _____

Cost: \$ _____

Deficiency:

Action:

Comments:

Funding spent (previous) FY _____ \$ _____
Previous estimated cost to correct deficiency \$ _____
% of deficiency corrected _____

5. Exhibit cases are designed and fabricated in a manner that facilitates maintenance (i.e., ease of access for inspection, inventory, cleaning, rotation of sensitive materials). (If there are no exhibit cases, respond NA indicating not applicable.)

Answer: _____

Cost: \$ _____

Deficiency:

Action:

Comments:

Funding spent (previous) FY _____ \$ _____
Previous estimated cost to correct deficiency \$ _____
% of deficiency corrected _____

6. Where needed, mounts constructed of museum quality material are used to support objects and specimens. (If there are no mounts, respond NA indicating not applicable.)

Answer: _____

Cost: \$ _____

Deficiency:

Action:

Comments:

Funding spent (previous) FY _____ \$ _____
Previous estimated cost to correct deficiency \$ _____
% of deficiency corrected _____

7. Freestanding museum objects on exhibit are protected by physical barriers, alarm detection systems, or staff on duty. (If there are no freestanding objects, respond NA indicating not applicable.)

Answer: _____

Cost: \$ _____

Deficiency:

Action:

Comments:

Funding spent (previous) FY _____ \$ _____
Previous estimated cost to correct deficiency \$ _____
% of deficiency corrected _____

Figure F.2. NPS Checklist (2009) for Preservation and Protection of Museum Collections Exported from ICMS (continued)

**D. MUSEUM ENVIRONMENT
CHECKLIST**

(Unit Acronym)

Operations (Procedural):

1. Levels of relative humidity and temperature in storage and exhibit spaces are monitored on a daily basis to provide an accurate and complete picture of all changes in both of these environmental factors during each year. (If response is NO and unit does not have monitoring equipment, include equipment purchase cost in item 11.)

Answer: _____

Action:

Comments:

2. A record of daily observations, noting occurrences such as unusual exterior climatic conditions, leaky roof, re-calibration of equipment, or an unusual visitation pattern, is maintained to help explain any variations in relative humidity and temperature readings.

Answer: _____

Action:

Comments:

3. Records of relative humidity and temperature readings and of daily observations are permanently retained in the unit's curatorial files.

Answer: _____

Action:

Comments:

4. Records of relative humidity and temperature readings and of daily observations are reviewed and analyzed monthly to determine relative humidity and temperature highs, lows, and means; and the frequency and extent of fluctuations.

Answer: _____

Action:

Comments:

**Figure F.2. NPS Checklist (2009) for Preservation and Protection of Museum
Collections Exported from ICMS (continued)**

CHECKLIST

(Unit Acronym)

5. The visible spectrum of light is monitored and recorded for illuminance level and duration. (If response is NO and unit does not have a light meter, include purchase cost under item 11.)

Answer: _____

Action:

Comments:

6. Levels of natural light (daylight) have been recorded quarterly for one year to establish seasonal variations. (If there is no natural light in facility, respond NA indicating not applicable.)

Answer: _____

Action:

Comments:

7. The unit has a record of annual seasonal variations and periodically spot checks to ensure that levels do not exceed the upper limits for sensitive objects.

Answer: _____

Action:

Comments:

8. UV filtering material is periodically monitored to ensure its continued effectiveness in meeting the standard in the DOI Museum Property Handbook, Volume I, Chapter 5 or the NPS Museum Handbook, Part I, Chapter 4 (1999). (If there is no UV filtering material, respond NA indicating not applicable.)

Answer: _____

Action:

Comments:

9. Monitoring (inspections) for evidence of insect, mold, and rodent infestations is conducted on an ongoing basis with especially close inspection of museum objects on a monthly basis.

Answer: _____

Action:

Comments:

Figure F.2. NPS Checklist (2009) for Preservation and Protection of Museum Collections Exported from ICMS (continued)

CHECKLIST

(Unit Acronym)

10. The monitoring and control of pests is coordinated with the unit's Integrated Pest Management Program.

Answer: _____

Action:

Comments:

Equipment and Supplies:

11. The unit has appropriate equipment (e.g., hygrothermograph, datalogger, visible light meter, UV monitor) to implement and maintain an ongoing environmental monitoring program.

Answer: _____

Cost: \$ _____

Deficiency:

Action:

Comments:

Funding spent (previous) FY _____ \$ _____
Previous estimated cost to correct deficiency \$ _____
% of deficiency corrected _____

12. The park has installed equipment/system in each space housing museum collections to control relative humidity and temperature.

Answer: _____

Cost: \$ _____

Deficiency:

Action:

Comments:

Funding spent (previous) FY _____ \$ _____
Previous estimated cost to correct deficiency \$ _____
% of deficiency corrected _____

13. The visible spectrum of light is controlled to meet DOI Museum Property Handbook, Volume I, Chapter 5 or the NPS Museum Handbook, Part I, Chapter 4 (1999).

Answer: _____

Cost: \$ _____

Deficiency:

Action:

Comments:

Funding spent (previous) FY _____ \$ _____
Previous estimated cost to correct deficiency \$ _____
% of deficiency corrected _____

Figure F.2. NPS Checklist (2009) for Preservation and Protection of Museum Collections Exported from ICMS (continued)

CHECKLIST

(Unit Acronym)

14. Ultraviolet (UV) radiation is controlled by a filtering material that has UV absorbing properties. (If the space has no source of UV radiation, respond NA indicating not applicable).

Answer: _____

Cost: \$ _____

Deficiency:

Action:

Comments:

Funding spent (previous) FY _____ \$ _____
Previous estimated cost to correct deficiency \$ _____
% of deficiency corrected _____

15. Dust covers are used on open shelving when objects are not otherwise protected from dust (e.g., in boxes). (If there is no open shelving, respond NA indicating not applicable.)

Answer: _____

Cost: \$ _____

Deficiency:

Action:

Comments:

Funding spent (previous) FY _____ \$ _____
Previous estimated cost to correct deficiency \$ _____
% of deficiency corrected _____

16. Particulates (dust) in museum storage and exhibit spaces are controlled.

Answer: _____

Cost: \$ _____

Deficiency:

Action:

Comments:

Funding spent (previous) FY _____ \$ _____
Previous estimated cost to correct deficiency \$ _____
% of deficiency corrected _____

E. SECURITY

Operations (Procedural):

1. Keys to museum storage spaces, exhibit cases, and work and research/reference spaces are issued to only those employees having direct responsibility for the collections.

Answer: _____

Cost: \$ _____

Deficiency:

Action:

Comments:

Funding spent (previous) FY _____ \$ _____
Previous estimated cost to correct deficiency \$ _____
% of deficiency corrected _____

Figure F.2. NPS Checklist (2009) for Preservation and Protection of Museum Collections Exported from ICMS (continued)

CHECKLIST

(Unit Acronym)

2. Issuing of keys to museum storage spaces and exhibit cases is strictly controlled by the use of a signed hand receipt (e.g., DI-105 or equivalent form).

Answer: _____

Action:

Comments:

3. Written, approved procedures for controlling access to the museum collections by non-curatorial staff, outside researchers, and visitors are implemented.

Answer: _____

Action:

Comments:

4. All researchers, visitors, and non-curatorial staff who enter the storage area are escorted at all times by unit curatorial staff. (For exhibit spaces, respond NA indicating not applicable.)

Answer: _____

Action:

Comments:

5. A visitor/researcher sign-in log is used to record name and address of visitor, date of visit, time entered and time departed, and reason for visit. (For exhibit spaces, respond NA indicating not applicable.)

Answer: _____

Action:

Comments:

6. Opening and closing procedures for museum spaces are written, approved and practiced.

Answer: _____

Action:

Comments:

Figure F.2. NPS Checklist (2009) for Preservation and Protection of Museum Collections Exported from ICMS (continued)

CHECKLIST

(Unit Acronym)

7. Museum objects in exhibit spaces are given additional protection at times of high risk, such as during times of crowding or of special activities. (If there are no exhibits, respond NA indicating not applicable. For storage spaces, respond NA indicating not applicable.)

Answer: _____

Action:

Comments:

8. The special needs of museum collections and records are incorporated into the unit's Emergency Operation Plan (EOP).

Answer: _____

Cost: \$ _____

Deficiency:

Action:

Comments:

Funding spent (previous) FY _____ \$ _____
Previous estimated cost to correct deficiency \$ _____
% of deficiency corrected _____

9. Installed intrusion detection systems are inspected and maintained on a regular schedule to ensure that they are fully operational. (If there are no intrusion detection systems, respond NA indicating not applicable.)

Answer: _____

Action:

Comments:

10. The unit has determined the extent to which museum collections and associated museum records are at risk from the threats listed in the DOI Museum Property Handbook, Volume I, Chapters 11 and 12 or NPS Museum Handbook, Part I, Chapters 9 (2002) and 10 (2000).

Answer: _____

Action:

Comments:

Museum Facility:

Figure F.2. NPS Checklist (2009) for Preservation and Protection of Museum Collections Exported from ICMS (continued)

CHECKLIST

(Unit Acronym)

11. Entrances to museum spaces are equipped with metal or solid-core wood doors that have deadbolt locks.

Answer: _____

Cost: \$ _____

Deficiency:

Action:

Comments:

Funding spent (previous) FY _____ \$ _____
Previous estimated cost to correct deficiency \$ _____
% of deficiency corrected _____

12. Intrusion detection systems appropriate to the risks involved and to the nature of the museum collection are installed and operable in museum storage and exhibit spaces.

Answer: _____

Cost: \$ _____

Deficiency:

Action:

Comments:

Funding spent (previous) FY _____ \$ _____
Previous estimated cost to correct deficiency \$ _____
% of deficiency corrected _____

Equipment and Supplies:

13. Small, highly sensitive and valuable museum objects, archival documents, and natural history type specimens housed in museum storage spaces are kept in locked cabinets with keyed or combination locks. (If there are none of these objects, respond NA indicating not applicable.)

Answer: _____

Cost: \$ _____

Deficiency:

Action:

Comments:

Funding spent (previous) FY _____ \$ _____
Previous estimated cost to correct deficiency \$ _____
% of deficiency corrected _____

14. Irreplaceable or particularly sensitive or valuable objects used in exhibits are protected in cases or by other means that provide protection from theft or vandalism, without making curatorial access impractical. (If there are none of these objects, respond NA indicating not applicable.)

Answer: _____

Cost: \$ _____

Deficiency:

Action:

Comments:

Funding spent (previous) FY _____ \$ _____
Previous estimated cost to correct deficiency \$ _____
% of deficiency corrected _____

Figure F.2. NPS Checklist (2009) for Preservation and Protection of Museum Collections Exported from ICMS (continued)

F. FIRE PROTECTION

CHECKLIST

(Unit Acronym)

Operations (Procedural):

1. Fire detection and suppression systems are inspected and maintained on a regular schedule to ensure that they are fully operational. (If unit has no fire detection or suppression systems, respond NA indicating not applicable.)

Answer: _____

Action:

Comments:

2. Fire extinguishers are inspected annually to ensure that they are operational.

Answer: _____

Action:

Comments:

3. Staff are trained annually in the use of fire extinguishers.

Answer: _____

Action:

Comments:

4. Museum objects on top of shelving or museum cabinets do not obstruct the discharge heads for fire suppression systems and are not closer than 18 inches to the ceiling. (If there is no fire suppression system, respond NA indicating not applicable.)

Answer: _____

Action:

Comments:

5. The special needs of museum objects and museum records are incorporated in the unit's Structural Fire Plan.

Answer: _____

Action:

Comments:

Figure F.2. NPS Checklist (2009) for Preservation and Protection of Museum Collections Exported from ICMS (continued)

CHECKLIST

(Unit Acronym)

6. Orientation on the location, nature, significance, and specific needs of museum property has been provided to fire fighting entities who are responsible for responding to the suppression of a fire.

Answer: _____

Action:

Comments:

Museum Facility:

7. Spaces housing museum collections and their structural components (e.g., walls, floors, ceilings, doors and windows) are made fire-resistant to the extent possible, given the nature of the structure.

Answer: _____

Cost: \$ _____

Deficiency:

Action:

Comments:

Funding spent (previous) FY _____ \$ _____
Previous estimated cost to correct deficiency \$ _____
% of deficiency corrected _____

8. Fire detection and suppression systems appropriate to the risks involved, to the nature of the museum collection, and to the structure housing the collections are installed and operable.

Answer: _____

Cost: \$ _____

Deficiency:

Action:

Comments:

Funding spent (previous) FY _____ \$ _____
Previous estimated cost to correct deficiency \$ _____
% of deficiency corrected _____

Equipment and Supplies:

9. An appropriate number and type of fire extinguishers are installed according to the anticipated types of fires, the nature of the collection, and the size of the protected area.

Answer: _____

Cost: \$ _____

Deficiency:

Action:

Comments:

Funding spent (previous) FY _____ \$ _____
Previous estimated cost to correct deficiency \$ _____
% of deficiency corrected _____

Figure F.2. NPS Checklist (2009) for Preservation and Protection of Museum Collections Exported from ICMS (continued)

CHECKLIST

(Unit Acronym)

10. Flammable liquids and materials are housed outside museum storage spaces and, regardless of where stored, such materials are housed in approved flammables storage cabinets. Cabinets are vented if required by local authorities. (For exhibit spaces, respond NA indicating not applicable.)

Answer: _____

Cost: \$ _____

Deficiency:

Action:

Comments:

Funding spent (previous) FY _____ \$ _____
Previous estimated cost to correct deficiency \$ _____
% of deficiency corrected _____

11. All paper museum records are kept in a locking, insulated safe, file, or vault with equivalent or better protection that will maintain an interior temperature of less than 350 degrees Fahrenheit during a one-hour exposure to exterior temperatures of at least 1700 degrees Fahrenheit. (If no paper museum records are stored in this facility, respond NA indicating not applicable).

Answer: _____

Cost: \$ _____

Deficiency:

Action:

Comments:

Funding spent (previous) FY _____ \$ _____
Previous estimated cost to correct deficiency \$ _____
% of deficiency corrected _____

12. If the container described in item 11 is housed on a level of a building above grade, the container also is rated to withstand a drop of 30 feet. (If there is no container or if the container is housed below grade, respond NA indicating not applicable.)

Answer: _____

Cost: \$ _____

Deficiency:

Action:

Comments:

Funding spent (previous) FY _____ \$ _____
Previous estimated cost to correct deficiency \$ _____
% of deficiency corrected _____

13. Media (disks and tapes) that back up ICMS data files and other collection data files are stored in a container (e.g., media safes, media files, mixed media files, and media boxes) that will maintain an interior temperature of not more than 125 degrees Fahrenheit during a one hour exposure to an exterior temperature of 1700 degrees Fahrenheit. (NOTE: Media boxes are acceptable only when inserted in an appropriately rated insulated records file as described in item 11. If no media are stored in this facility, respond NA indicating not applicable).

Answer: _____

Cost: \$ _____

Funding spent (previous) FY _____ \$ _____
Previous estimated cost to correct deficiency \$ _____
% of deficiency corrected _____

CHECKLIST

(Unit Acronym)

Deficiency:

Action:

Comments:

G. HOUSEKEEPING

Operations (Procedural):

1. Housekeeping in museum storage and exhibit spaces is performed according to a plan's established schedule.

Answer: _____

Action:

Comments:

2. Written rules and procedures are available to provide staff with guidance on the handling and moving of museum objects.

Answer: _____

Action:

Comments:

3. Smoking, drinking, and eating and displaying living plants, fresh flowers, and foodstuffs in museum storage and exhibit spaces and in research, working, and research/reference spaces are prohibited in writing.

Answer: _____

Action:

Comments:

4. Relative humidity and temperature monitoring equipment is calibrated quarterly. (If there is no monitoring equipment, respond NA indicating not applicable.)

Answer: _____

Action:

Comments:

Figure F.2. NPS Checklist (2009) for Preservation and Protection of Museum Collections Exported from ICMS (continued)

CHECKLIST

(Unit Acronym)

5. If a hygromograph is used to monitor relative humidity and temperature, it is regularly maintained (e.g., linkage is cleaned, ink is replenished). (If a hygromograph is not used, respond NA indicating not applicable.)

Answer: _____

Action:

Comments:

6. The housekeeping plan for museum spaces is reviewed annually and is revised as necessary. (If there is no housekeeping plan, respond NA indicating not applicable.)

Answer: _____

Action:

Comments:

H. PROFESSIONAL ASSISTANCE AND MUSEUM PLANNING

1. Working with museum environment specialists, the unit has established optimum relative humidity and temperature levels and acceptable highs and lows based on data recorded from ongoing monitoring program.

Answer: _____

Cost: \$ _____

Deficiency:

Action:

Comments:

Funding spent (previous) FY _____	\$ _____
Previous estimated cost to correct deficiency	\$ _____
% of deficiency corrected _____	

2. The unit has conducted a security survey. (If the response is NO, and there is a need for this survey, complete the deficiency and cost blocks.) (If there is no need for a security survey, respond NA indicating not applicable.)

Answer: _____

Cost: \$ _____

Deficiency:

Action:

Comments:

Funding spent (previous) FY _____	\$ _____
Previous estimated cost to correct deficiency	\$ _____
% of deficiency corrected _____	

Figure F.2. NPS Checklist (2009) for Preservation and Protection of Museum Collections Exported from ICMS (continued)

CHECKLIST

(Unit Acronym)

3. The unit has conducted a fire protection survey. (If the response is NO, and there is a need for this survey, complete the deficiency and cost blocks.) (If there is no need for a fire protection survey, respond NA indicating not applicable.)

Answer: _____

Cost: \$ _____

Deficiency:

Action:

Comments:

Funding spent (previous) FY _____ \$ _____
Previous estimated cost to correct deficiency \$ _____
% of deficiency corrected _____

4. The needs of the museum collection are adequately addressed in project statements that are included in the unit's Resources Management Plan (RMP).

Answer: _____

Action:

Comments:

5. The unit has an approved Collection Management Plan (CMP).

Answer: _____

Deficiency:

Action:

Comments:

Cost: \$ _____

Funding spent (previous) FY _____ \$ _____
Previous estimated cost to correct deficiency \$ _____
% of deficiency corrected _____

6. Through a Collection Condition Survey (CCS) or multiple surveys, conservators have provided the unit with an assessment of the condition of material-specific object groups on exhibit and in storage and have provided guidance on setting priorities for conservation treatment.

Answer: _____

Deficiency:

Action:

Comments:

Cost: \$ _____

Funding spent (previous) FY _____ \$ _____
Previous estimated cost to correct deficiency \$ _____
% of deficiency corrected _____

Figure F.2. NPS Checklist (2009) for Preservation and Protection of Museum Collections Exported from ICMS (continued)

CHECKLIST

(Unit Acronym)

7. The unit has an approved Collection Storage Plan (CSP). (If the response is NO, and there is a special need for this plan, independent of a CMP, complete the deficiency and cost blocks. If there is no need for a Collection Storage Plan, respond NA indicating not applicable.)

Answer: _____

Cost: \$ _____

Deficiency:

Action:

Comments:

Funding spent (previous) FY _____	\$ _____
Previous estimated cost to correct deficiency	\$ _____
% of deficiency corrected _____	

8. An Integrated Pest Management Plan for all spaces housing museum collections has been written.

Answer: _____

Cost: \$ _____

Deficiency:

Action:

Comments:

Funding spent (previous) FY _____	\$ _____
Previous estimated cost to correct deficiency	\$ _____
% of deficiency corrected _____	

9. A housekeeping plan has been written for museum storage, exhibit, work, and research spaces.

Answer: _____

Cost: \$ _____

Deficiency:

Action:

Comments:

Funding spent (previous) FY _____	\$ _____
Previous estimated cost to correct deficiency	\$ _____
% of deficiency corrected _____	

A. ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICES

Are framed artwork or other museum objects (e.g. furniture) on display in this facility? If the response is YES, complete this section of the checklist.

Answer: _____

Action:

Comments:

Figure F.2. NPS Checklist (2009) for Preservation and Protection of Museum Collections Exported from ICMS (continued)

B. MUSUEM COLLECTION STORAGE

CHECKLIST

(Unit Acronym)

Are museum collections stored in a facility located within the unit? If the response is YES, complete this section of the checklist.

Answer: _____

Action:

Comments:

C. EXHIBITS

Are museum collections exhibited in this facility? If the response is YES, complete this section of the checklist.

Answer: _____

Action:

Figure F.2. NPS Checklist (2009) for Preservation and Protection of Museum Collections Exported from ICMS (continued)

Unit:

All Facilities

National Park Service
Checklist for Preservation and Protection
of Museum Collections

Page:

ESTIMATE OF TOTAL FUNDING NEEDED TO CORRECT DEFICIENCIES

Date:

Subtotals TOTALS

A. ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICES

Operations (Procedural)

Equipment and Supplies

Professional Assistance and Museum Planning

B. MUSEUM COLLECTION STORAGE

Museum Facility

Equipment and Supplies

C. EXHIBITS

Operations (Procedural)

Museum Facility

Equipment and Supplies

D. MUSEUM ENVIRONMENT

Operations (Procedural)

Equipment and Supplies

E. SECURITY

Operations (Procedural)

Museum Facility

Equipment and Supplies

F. FIRE PROTECTION

Operations (Procedural)

Museum Facility

Equipment and Supplies

G. HOUSEKEEPING

Operations (Procedural)

H. PROFESSIONAL ASSISTANCE AND MUSEUM PLANNING

ESTIMATED TOTAL COST:

Figure F.2. NPS Checklist (2009) for Preservation and Protection of Museum Collections Exported from ICMS (continued)