Boxed-In: Photo Identification Assessment

Match the captions to the photos. Write the picture number below the caption that best matches the photo.

- Close up picture of Richland, Washington shortly after the Manhattan Project came into the area.

  PICTURE:

- Dr. Leona Woods Marshall Libby, the only female chemist on her team, posing for a photo. She helped discover the chain reaction in uranium to create plutonium that would help the United States create the atomic bomb used to end the war during World War II.

  PICTURE:

- Picture of a group of graduating Women's Army Corps. The Women's Army Corps (WAC's) provided much of the administrative and clerical manpower and generally "filled-in" wherever they were needed.

  PICTURE:

- A Day's Pay, a B-17 bomber that was purchased by Hanford employees during the war. All workers at Hanford donated one day's pay to help purchase a bomber for the United States Army Air Force. About 51,000 employees donated $300,000 in 1944. In 2020 that is $4,370,352!

  PICTURE:

- Signs leaving the Hanford base. Employees were under strict orders not to talk about any work that they do to anyone outside their job site. It was considered treason to do so.

  PICTURE:

- Aerial view of the Alphabet Houses in Richland. These houses were put together quickly by the government for workers coming into the area to work on the secret Hanford project. Many of these houses are still standing today.

  PICTURE:

- Civilian women working on the Manhattan Project. Many women were not allowed to know exactly what is was they were doing at their job, and were not allowed to speak about it afterwards. Photo from Manhattan Project, Oak Ridge, Tennessee.

  PICTURE: